

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
B.A.(Programme)

(Effective from Academic Year 20-- --)

PROPOSED SYLLABUS



XXXXXX Revised Syllabus as approved by Academic Council on **XXXX**, 2018
and Executive Council on **YYYY**, 2018

SEMESTER WISE PLACEMENT OF MATHS COURSES FOR B.A.(PROG.)

Sem-ester	Core Course (12)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AEC) (2)	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) (4)	Elective Discipline Specific (DSE) (4)
I	Calculus			
II	Algebra			
III	Analytic Geometry and Applied Algebra		SEC-1 Computer Algebra Systems	
IV	Analysis		SEC-2 Mathematical Typesetting System: LaTeX	
V			SEC-3 Transportation and Network Flow Problems	DSE-1 (i) Statistics OR (ii) Discrete Mathematics
VI			SEC-4 Statistical Software: R	DSE-2 (i) Numerical Methods OR (ii) Differential Equations

Mathematics Course Wise Contents for B.A. Programme:

Semester-I

Paper I: Calculus

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: This course is primarily concerned with developing the students' understanding of the concepts of calculus and providing experience with its methods and applications to create mathematical models in order to arrive into an optimal solution.

Course Learning Outcomes: The students' who take this course will be able to:

- i) Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits.
- ii) Describe asymptotic behavior in terms of limits involving infinity.
- iii) Use derivatives to explore the behavior of a given function, locating and classifying its extrema, and graphing the function.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Continuity and Differentiability of Functions (Lectures: 25)

Limits and Continuity, Types of discontinuities; Differentiability of functions, Successive differentiation, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

Unit 2: Tracing of Curves (Lectures: 20)

Tangents and Normals, Curvature, Singular points, Asymptotes, Tracing of curves.

Unit 3: Mean Value Theorems and its Applications (Lectures: 25)

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems, Applications of mean value theorems to monotonic functions and inequalities; Taylor's theorem with Lagrange's and Cauchy's forms of remainder, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansion of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\log(1+x)$ and $(1+x)^m$; Maxima and Minima; Indeterminate forms.

References:

1. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. International Student Version. Indian Reprint 2016.
2. Prasad, Gorakh (2016). *Differential Calculus* (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

Additional Reading:

- i. Thomas Jr., George B., Weir, Maurice D., & Hass, Joel (2014). *Thomas' Calculus* (13th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. Indian Reprint 2017.

Teaching Plan (Paper-I: Calculus):

Weeks 1 and 2: Limits and continuity, Types of discontinuities.

[1] Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1 to 1.6)

[2] Chapter 2 (Section 2.7)

Week 3: Differentiability of functions.

[1] Chapter 1 (Section 2.2)

Week 4: Successive differentiation, Leibnitz theorem.

[2] Chapter 5

Week 5: Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

[2] Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.3)

Week 6: Tangents and Normals.

[2] Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1 to 8.3)

Week 7: Curvature, Singular points.

[2] Chapter 10 (Sections 10.1 to 10.3, up to page 224), and Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.4)

Weeks 8 and 9: Asymptotes, Tracing of Curves.

[2] Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6), and Chapter 11 (Section 11.5)

Weeks 10 and 11: Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems: Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem with geometrical interpretations, Applications of mean value theorems to monotonic functions and inequalities.

[2] Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4 to 7.6)

Week 12: Taylor's theorem with Lagrange's and Cauchy's forms of remainder, Taylor's series.

[2] Chapter 7 (Section 7.7).

Week 13: Maclaurin's series expansion of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\log(1+x)$, and $(1+x)^m$.

[2] Chapter 7 (Section 7.8).

Week 14: Maxima & Minima; Indeterminate forms.

[2] Chapter 15 (Sections 15.1 to 15.3)

[1] Chapter 6 (Section 6.5)

Semester-II

Paper II: Algebra

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: Students will get conceptual understanding and the applicability of the subject matter. helps students to see how linear algebra can be applied to real-life situations. Modern concepts and notation are used to introduce the various aspects of linear equations, leading readers easily to numerical computations and applications.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to understand:

- i) Solving higher order algebraic equations.
- ii) Solving simultaneous linear equations with at most four unknowns.
- iii) Overview of abstract algebra, which is useful in their higher studies.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Theory of Equations and Expansions of Trigonometric Functions (Lectures: 25)

Fundamental Theorem of Algebra, Relation between roots and coefficients of n th degree equation, Remainder and Factor Theorem, Solutions of cubic and biquadratic equations, when some conditions on roots of the equation are given, Symmetric functions of the roots for cubic and biquadratic; De Moivre's theorem (both integral and rational index), Solutions of equations using trigonometry and De Moivre's theorem, Expansion for $\cos nx$, $\sin nx$ in terms of powers of $\cos x$, $\sin x$, and $\cos^n x$, $\sin^n x$, in terms of cosine and sine of multiples of x .

Unit 2: Matrices

(Lectures: 20)

Matrices, Types of matrices, Rank of a matrix, Invariance of rank under elementary transformations, Reduction to normal form, Solutions of linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations with number of equations and unknowns up to four; Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Characteristic roots and vectors.

Unit 3: Groups, Rings and Vector Spaces

(Lectures: 25)

Integers modulo n , Permutations, Groups, Subgroups, Lagrange's theorem, Euler's theorem, Symmetry Groups of a segment of a line, and regular n -gons for $n = 3, 4, 5$, and 6 ; Rings and subrings in the context of $C[0,1]$ and \mathbb{Z}_n ; Definition and examples of a vector space, Subspace and its properties, Linear independence, Basis and dimension of a vector space.

References:

1. Beachy, John A., & Blair, William D. (2006). *Abstract Algebra* (3rd ed.). Waveland Press, Inc.
2. Burnside, William Snow (1979). *The Theory of Equations*, Vol. 1 (11th ed.) S. Chand & Co. Delhi. Fourth Indian Reprint.
3. Gilbert, William J., & Vanstone, Scott A. (1993). *Classical Algebra* (3rd ed.). Waterloo Mathematics Foundation, Canada.

4. Meyer, Carl D. (2000). *Matrix Analysis and Applied Linear Algebra*. Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics (Siam).

Additional Readings:

- i. Dickson, Leonard Eugene (2009). *First Course in The Theory of Equations*. The Project Gutenberg EBook (<http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/29785>).
- ii. Gilbert, William J. (2004). *Modern Algebra with Applications* (2nd ed.). Wiley-Interscience, John Wiley & Sons.

Teaching Plan (Paper-II: Algebra):

Weeks 1 and 2: Fundamental Theorem of Algebra (statement only), Relation between roots and coefficients of n th degree equation, Remainder and Factor Theorem, Solutions of cubic and biquadratic equations, when some conditions on roots of the equation are given.

[2] Chapter 3

Week 3: Symmetric functions of the roots for cubic and biquadratic equations.

[2] Chapter 4

Weeks 4 and 5: De Moivre's theorem (both integral and rational index), Solutions of equations using trigonometry and De Moivre's theorem, Expansion for $\cos nx$, $\sin nx$ in terms of powers of $\cos x$, $\sin x$, and $\cos^n x$, $\sin^n x$, in terms of cosine and sine of multiples of x .

[3] Chapter 7 (Sections 7.6, and 7.7)

Week 6: Matrices, Types of matrices, Introduction elementary transformations.

[4] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.2, 3.5, and 3.7)

Week 7: Rank of a matrix. Invariance of rank under elementary transformations.

[4] Chapter 3 (Section 3.9)

Week 8: Reduction to normal (Echelon) form, Solutions of linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations with number of equations and unknowns up to four.

[4] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.5)

Week 9: Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Characteristic roots and vectors.

[4] Chapter 7 (Section 7.1, and Example 7.2.2)

Week 10: Integers modulo n , Permutations.

[1] Chapter 1 (Section 1.4), and Chapter 2 (Section 2.3)

Week 11: Groups, subgroups, Examples of groups, subgroups and simple theorems.

[1] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1, and 3.2)

Week 12: Lagrange's Theorem, Euler's Theorem, Symmetry Groups of a segment of a line, and regular n -gons for $n = 3, 4, 5$ and 6 ; Rings and subrings in the context of $C[0,1]$ and Z_n

[1] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.2, 3.3, and 3.6), and Chapter 5 (Section 5.1)

Weeks 13 and 14: Definition and examples of vector space, Subspace and its properties, Linear independence, Basis and dimension of a vector space.

[4] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1, 4.3, and 4.4)

Semester-III

Paper III: Analytic Geometry and Applied Algebra

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: The course aims at identify curves and applying mathematical models in daily life problems studying geometric properties of different conic sections. The purpose of this course is to strengthen the mathematical skill along with the algebraic skills and concepts to assure success in the Algebra.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to:

- i) Identify and sketch curves.
- ii) Use three dimensional geometry using vectors.
- iii) Understand mathematical models to relate mathematics with daily life problems.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Geometry

(Lectures: 25)

Techniques for sketching parabola, Ellipse and hyperbola, Reflection properties of parabola, Ellipse, Hyperbola and their applications to signals, Classification of quadratic equation representing lines, Parabola, Ellipse and Hyperbola.

Unit 2: 3-Dimensional Geometry and Vectors

(Lectures: 30)

Rectangular coordinates in 3-space, Spheres, Cylindrical surfaces cones, Vectors viewed geometrically, Vectors in coordinate system, Vectors determine by length and angle, Dot product, Cross product and their geometrical properties, Parametric equations of lines in plane, Planes in 3-space.

Unit 3: Applied Algebra

(Lectures: 15)

Latin squares, Table for a finite group as a Latin square, Latin squares as in design of experiments, Mathematical models for matching jobs, Spelling checker, Network reliability, Street surveillance, Scheduling meetings, Interval graph modelling and influence model, Pitcher pouring puzzle.

References:

1. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. International Student Version. Indian Reprint 2016.
2. Gulberg, Jan. (1997). *Mathematics from the Birth of Numbers*. W.W. Norton & Co.
3. Tucker, Alan (2012). *Applied Combinatorics* (6th ed.). John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Additional Reading:

- i. Lidl, Rudolf, & Pilz, Günter (1998). *Applied Abstract Algebra* (2nd ed.). Springer. Indian Reprint 2014.

Teaching Plan (Paper III: Analytic Geometry and Applied Algebra):

Weeks 1 to 3: Techniques for sketching parabola, Ellipse and hyperbola with problem solving.

[1] Chapter 11 (Section 11.4)

Weeks 4 and 5: Reflection properties of parabola, Ellipse and Hyperbola, Classification of quadratic equation representing lines, Parabola, Ellipse and Hyperbola, Rotation of axis second degree equations

[1] Chapter 11 (Sections 11.4, and 11.5)

Weeks 6 and 7: Rectangular coordinates in 3-space with problems, Spheres, Cylindrical surfaces cones.

[1] Chapter 12 (Section 12.1)

Weeks 8 and 9: Vectors in coordinate system, Vectors viewed geometrically, Vectors determined by length and angle, Dot product, Cross product and their geometrical properties.

[1] Chapter 12 (Sections 12.3, and 12.4)

Weeks 10 and 11: Parametric equations of lines in plane, Planes in 3-space.

[1] Chapter 12 (Sections 12.4, 12.5)

Weeks 12 to 14: Latin squares, Table for a finite group as a Latin square, Latin squares as in design of experiments, Mathematical models for matching jobs, Spelling checker, Network reliability, Street surveillance, Scheduling meetings. Interval graph modelling and Influence model, Pitcher pouring puzzle.

[2] Chapter 5 (Page 195)

[3] Chapter 1 (Section 1.1, Examples 1 to 6), and Chapter 3 (Section 3.2, Example 3, page 106)

Skill Enhancement Paper

SEC-1: Computer Algebra Systems

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 38, Internal Assessment: 12, and Practical: 50)

Workload: 2 Lectures, 4 Practicals (per week) **Credits:** 4 (2+2)

Duration: 14 Weeks (28 Hrs. Theory + 56 Hrs. Practical) **Examination:** 2 Hrs.

Course Objectives: This course aims at providing basic knowledge to Computer Algebra Systems (CAS) and their programming language in order to apply them for plotting functions, finding roots to polynomials, computing limits and other mathematical tools.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to use CAS:

- i) as a calculator;
- ii) for plotting functions;
- iii) for various applications of algebra, calculus and matrices.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Introduction to CAS and Graphics **(Lectures: 10)**

Computer Algebra Systems (CAS), Use of a CAS as a calculator, Simple programming in a CAS; Computing and plotting functions in 2D, Customizing Plots, Animating Plots; Producing table of values, Working with piecewise defined functions, Combining graphics.

Unit 2: Applications in Algebra **(Lectures: 6)**

Factoring, Expanding and finding roots of polynomials, Working with rational and trigonometric functions, Solving general equations.

Unit 3: Applications of Calculus **(Lectures: 6)**

Computing limits, First and higher order derivatives, Maxima and minima, Integration, Computing definite and indefinite integrals.

Unit 4: Working with Matrices **(Lectures: 6)**

Performing Gaussian elimination, Operations (transpose, determinant, and inverse), Minors and cofactors, Solving systems of linear equations, Rank and nullity of a matrix, Eigenvalue, eigenvector and diagonalization.

References:

1. Bindner, Donald & Erickson, Martin. (2011). *A Student's Guide to the Study, Practice, and Tools of Modern Mathematics*. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
2. Torrence, Bruce F., & Torrence, Eve A. (2009). *The Student's Introduction to Mathematica®: A Handbook for Precalculus, Calculus, and Linear Algebra* (2nd ed.). Cambridge University Press.

Note: Theoretical and Practical demonstration should be carried out *only in one* of the CAS: Mathematica/MATLAB/Maple/Maxima/Scilab or any other.

Practicals to be done in the Computer Lab using CAS Software:

[1] Chapter 12 (Exercises 1 to 4 and 8 to 12).

[2] Chapter 3 [Exercises 3.2 (1), 3.3 (1, 2 and 4), 3.4 (1 and 2), 3.5 (1 to 4), 3.6 (2 and 3)].

[2] Chapter 4 (Exercises 4.1, 4.2, 4.5, 4.7 and 4.9).

[2] Chapter 5 [Exercises 5.1 (1), 5.3, 5.5, 5.6 (1, 2 and 4), 5.10 (1 and 3), 5.11 (1 and 2)].

[2] Chapter 7 [Exercises 7.1 (1), 7.2, 7.3 (2), 7.4 (1) and 7.6].

Teaching Plan (Theory of SEC-1: Computer Algebra Systems):

Weeks 1 and 2: Computer Algebra Systems (CAS), Use of a CAS as a calculator, Simple programming in a CAS.

[1] Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Weeks 3 to 5: Computing and plotting functions in 2D, Customizing Plots, Animating Plots, Producing table of values, Working with piecewise defined functions, Combining graphics.

[2] Chapter 1, Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1 to 3.6, and 3.8)

Weeks 6 to 8: Factoring, Expanding and finding roots of polynomials, Working with rational and trigonometric functions, Solving general equations.

[2] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1 to 4.3, 4.5 to 4.7, and 4.9)

Weeks 9 to 11: Computing limits, First and higher order derivatives, Maxima and minima, Integration, computing definite and indefinite integrals.

[2] Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1, 5.3, 5.5, 5.6, 5.10, and 5.11)

Weeks 12 to 14: Performing Gaussian elimination, Operations (transpose, determinant, and inverse), Minors and cofactors, Solving systems of linear equations, Rank and nullity of a matrix, Eigenvalue, Eigenvector and diagonalization.

[2] Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1 to 7.4, and 7.6 to 7.8)

Semester-IV

Paper IV: Analysis

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: The course aims at building an understanding of convergence of sequence and series of real numbers and various methods/tools to test their convergence. The course also aims at building understanding of the theory of Riemann integration.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to:

- i) Understand basic properties of the field of real numbers.
- ii) To test convergence of sequence and series of real numbers.
- iii) Distinguish between the notion of integral as anti-derivative and Riemann integral.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Real numbers and Real Valued Functions (Lectures: 25)

Order completeness of Real numbers, Open and closed sets, Limit of functions, Sequential criterion for limits, Algebra of limits, Properties of continuous functions, Uniform continuity.

Unit 2: Sequence and Series (Lectures: 35)

Sequences, Convergent and Cauchy sequences, Subsequences, Limit superior and limit inferior of a bounded sequence, Monotonically increasing and decreasing sequences, Infinite series and their convergences, Positive term series, Comparison tests, Cauchy's nth root test, D'Alembert's ratio test, Raabe's test, Alternating series, Leibnitz test, Absolute and conditional convergence.

Unit 3: Riemann Integral (Lectures: 10)

Riemann integral, Integrability of continuous and monotonic functions.

References:

1. Bartle, Robert G., & Sherbert, Donald R. (2015). *Introduction to Real Analysis* (4th ed.). Wiley India Edition.
2. Ross, Kenneth A. (2013). *Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus* (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian Reprint.

Additional Readings:

- i. Bilodeau, Gerald G., Thie, Paul R., & Keough, G. E. (2010). *An Introduction to Analysis* (2nd ed.). Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.
- ii. Denlinger, Charles G. (2011). *Elements of Real Analysis*. Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

Teaching Plan (Paper IV: Analysis):

Week 1: Algebraic and order properties of \mathbb{R} , Inequalities, Absolute values, ε -neighbourhood.

[1] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1, and 2.2)

Week 2: Bounded above, Bounded below, Supremum, Infimum, The completeness properties of \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{R} is a complete ordered field, Application of supremum property, Archimedean property, Density of rational numbers.

[1] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.3, and 2.4)

Week 3: Open set, closed sets and properties, Cluster point of a set.

[1] Chapter 11 (Section 11.1, Definition and Examples only)

Week 4: Sequence, Convergent sequence, tails of sequence, limit of a sequence, divergent and oscillatory sequences, bounded sequences.

[1] Chapter 3, (Sections 3.1, and 3.2)

Week 5: Monotone sequence, monotone convergence theorem, Cauchy's theorems on limits.

[1] Chapter 3 (Section 3.3)

Week 6: Sub sequence, Bolzano-Weierstrass Theorem, limit superior and limit inferior of a bounded sequence (Definition and examples only)

[1] Chapter 3 (Section 3.4)

Week 7: Cauchy's sequence, Cauchy convergence criterion.

[1] Chapter 3 (Section 3.5)

Week 8: Infinite series, Convergence of a series, n th term test, Cauchy's criterion for series, p -series $p > 1$, Positive term series, Comparison test.

[1] Chapter 3 (Section 3.7)

Week 9: Absolute convergence, Test for Absolute convergence, Root test

[1] Chapter 9 [Section 9.1(excluding grouping of series)]

Week 10: Limit comparison test II, Cauchy's n th root test, D'Alembert's ratio test, Integral test, Raabe's test, Alternating series, Leibnitz's test; Absolute and conditional convergence.

[1] Chapter 9 [Sections 9.2 (Statements of tests only), and 9.3 (9.3.1, and 9.3.2)]

Week 11: Limit of functions, Sequential criterion for limits, Algebra of limits.

[1] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1 to 4.3).

Week 12: Continuous functions, Sequential criterion for continuity, Discontinuities, Boundedness of continuous functions, Intermediate value theorem, Uniform continuity.

[1] Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1, 5.3, and 5.4 excluding continuous extension and approximation)

Week 13: Riemann integral: Upper and lower integrals, Riemann integrable functions.

[2] Chapter 6 (Section 32, only statement of the results up to page 274, with Examples 1, and 2)

Week 14: Riemann integrability of continuous and monotone functions.

[2] Chapter 6 [Sections 33 (33.1, and 33.2)]

Skill Enhancement Paper

SEC-2: Mathematical Typesetting System: LaTeX

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 38, Internal Assessment: 12, and Practical: 50)

Workload: 2 Lectures, 4 Practicals (per week) **Credits:** 4 (2+2)

Duration: 14 Weeks (28 Hrs. Theory + 56 Hrs. Practical) **Examination:** 2 Hrs.

Course Objectives: The purpose of this course is to help you begin using LaTeX, a mathematical typesetting system designed for the creation of beautiful books—and especially for books that contain a lot of mathematics, complicated symbols and formatting.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- i) Create and typeset a LaTeX document;
- ii) Typeset a mathematical document;
- iii) Draw pictures in LaTeX, and create beamer presentations.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Getting Started with LaTeX

(Lectures: 6)

Introduction to TeX and LaTeX, Creating and typesetting a simple LaTeX document, Adding basic information to documents, Environments, Footnotes, Sectioning, Displayed material.

Unit 2: Mathematical Typesetting

(Lectures: 8)

Accents and symbols; Mathematical typesetting (elementary and advanced): Subscript/Superscript, Fractions, Roots, Ellipsis, Mathematical symbols, Arrays, Delimiters, Multiline formulas, Putting one thing above another, Spacing and changing style in math mode.

Unit 3: Graphics and PSTricks

(Lectures: 8)

Pictures and graphics in LaTeX, Simple pictures using PSTricks, Plotting of functions.

Unit 4: Getting Started with Beamer

(Lectures: 6)

Beamer, Frames, Setting up beamer document, Enhancing beamer presentation.

References:

1. Bindner, Donald & Erickson, Martin. (2011). *A Student's Guide to the Study, Practice, and Tools of Modern Mathematics*. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
2. Lamport, Leslie (1994). *LaTeX: A Document Preparation System*, User's Guide and Reference Manual (2nd ed.). Pearson Education. Indian Reprint.

Additional Reading:

- i. Dongen, M. R. C. van (2012). *LaTeX and Friends*. Springer-Verlag.

Practicals to be done in the Computer Lab using a suitable LaTeX Editor:

- [1] Chapter 9 (Exercises 4 to 10), Chapter 10 (Exercises 1, 3, 4, and 6 to 9), and Chapter 11 (Exercises 1, 3, 4, 5).

Teaching Plan (Theory of SEC-2: Mathematical Typesetting System: LaTeX):

Weeks 1 to 3: Introduction to TeX and LaTeX, Creating and typesetting a simple LaTeX document, adding basic information to documents, Environments, Footnotes, Sectioning, Displayed material.

[1] Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.5)

[2] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.5)

Weeks 4 to 7: Accents and symbols; Mathematical typesetting (elementary and advanced): Subscript/Superscript, Fractions, Roots, Ellipsis, Mathematical symbols, Arrays, Delimiters, Multiline formulas, Putting one thing above another, Spacing and changing style in math mode.

[1] Chapter 9 (Sections 9.6, and 9.7)

[2] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1 to 3.3)

Weeks 8 to 11: Pictures and Graphics in LaTeX, Simple pictures using PS Tricks, Plotting of functions.

[1] Chapter 9 (Section 9.8), and Chapter 10 (Sections 10.1 to 10.3)

[2] Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1, and 7.2)

Weeks 12 to 14: Beamer, Frames, Setting up beamer document, Enhancing beamer presentation.

[1] Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.4)

Semester-V

Skill Enhancement Paper

SEC-3: Transportation and Network Flow Problems

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 55, Internal Assessment: 20, and Practical: 25)

Workload: 3 Lectures, 2 Practicals (per week) **Credits:** 4 (3+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (42 Hrs. Theory + 28 Hrs. Practical) **Examination:** 3 Hrs.

Course Objectives: This course aims at providing applications of linear programming to solve real-life problems such as transportation problem, assignment problem, shortest-path problem, minimum spanning tree problem, maximum flow problem and minimum cost flow problem.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to solve:

- i) Transportation, Assignment and Traveling salesperson problems.
- ii) Network models and various network flow problems.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Transportation Problems (Lectures: 12)

Transportation problem and its mathematical formulation, Northwest-corner method, Least cost method and Vogel approximation method for determination of starting basic feasible solution, Algorithm for solving transportation problem.

Unit 2: Assignment and Traveling Salesperson Problems (Lectures: 9)

Assignment problem and its mathematical formulation, Hungarian method for solving assignment problem, Traveling salesperson problem.

Unit 3: Network Models (Lectures: 12)

Network models, Minimum spanning tree algorithm, Shortest-route problem, Maximum flow model.

Unit 4: Project Management with CPM/PERT (Lectures: 9)

Project network representation, CPM and PERT.

References:

1. Hillier, Frederick S., & Lieberman, Gerald J. (2017). *Introduction to Operations Research* (10th ed.). McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Taha, Hamdy A. (2007). *Operations Research: An Introduction* (8th ed.). Pearson Education India. New Delhi.

Additional Reading:

- i. Bazaraa, Mokhtar S., Jarvis, John J., & Sherali, Hanif D. (2010). *Linear Programming and Network Flows* (4th ed.). John Wiley & Sons.

Practicals to be done in the Computer Lab using a suitable Software:

Use TORA/Excel spreadsheet to solve transportation problem, Assignment problem, Traveling salesperson problem, Shortest-route problem, Minimum spanning tree algorithm, Maximum flow model, CPM and PERT calculations of exercises from the chapters 5 and 6 of [2].

[1] Case 9.1: Shipping Wood to Market, and Case 9.3: Project Pickings.

Teaching Plan (Theory of SEC-3: Transportation and Network Flow Problems):

Weeks 1 to 4: Transportation problem and its mathematical formulation, northwest-corner method, least cost method and Vogel approximation method for determination of starting basic feasible solution. Algorithm for solving transportation problem.

[2] Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1, and 5.3)

Weeks 5 to 7: Assignment problem and its mathematical formulation, Hungarian method for solving assignment problem, traveling salesperson problem.

[2] Chapter 5 (Section 5.4), and Chapter 9 (Section 9.3)

Weeks 8 to 11: Network models, minimum spanning tree algorithm, shortest-route problem, maximum flow model.

[2] Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.4)

Weeks 12 to 14: Project network, CPM and PERT.

[2] Chapter 6 (Section 6.5)

Mathematics: Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course -1

DSE-1 (i): Statistics

OR

DSE-1 (ii): Discrete Mathematics

DSE-1 (i): Statistics

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: The course aims at building a strong foundation of theory of statistical distributions as well as understanding some of the most commonly used distributions. The course also aims to equip the students to analyze, interpret and draw conclusions from the given data.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to:

- i) Improve the quantitative and analytical skills.
- ii) Determine moments and distribution function using moment generating functions.
- iii) Test validity of hypothesis, using Chi-square, F and t-tests, respectively.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Probability, Random Variables and Distribution Functions (Lectures: 20)

Sample space, Events, Probability Classical, Relative frequency and axiomatic approaches to probability, Theorems of total and compound probability; Conditional probability, Independent events, Bayes Theorem; Random variables (discrete and continuous), Probability distribution, Expectation of a random variable, Moments, Moment generating functions.

Unit 2: Discrete and Continuous Probability Distributions (Lectures: 25)

Discrete and continuous distribution, Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Normal and exponential distributions, Bivariate distribution, Conditional distribution and marginal distribution, Covariance, Correlation and regression for two variables, Weak law of large numbers and central limit theorem for independent and identically distributed random variables.

Unit 3: Sampling Distributions (Lectures: 25)

Statistical inference: Definitions of random sample, Parameter and statistic, Sampling distribution of mean, Standard error of sample mean; Mean, variance of random sample from a normal population; Mean, variance of random sample from a finite population; Chi-square distribution, F distribution and t distribution, Test of hypotheses based on a single sample.

References:

1. Devore, Jay L., & Berk, Kenneth N. (2007). *Modern Mathematical Statistics with Applications*. Thomson Brooks/Cole.
2. Miller, Irvin & Miller, Marylees (2006). John E. Freund's: *Mathematical Statistics with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Asia.

Additional Readings:

- i. Hayter, Anthony (2012). *Probability and Statistics for the Engineers and Scientists* (4th ed.). Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning.
- ii. Mood, Alexander M., Graybill, Franklin A., & Boes, Duane C. (1974). *Introduction to The Theory of Statistics* (3rd ed.). McGraw-Hill Inc. Indian Reprint 2017.
- iii. Rohtagi, Vijay K., & Saleh, A. K. Md. E. (2001). *An Introduction to Probability and Statistics* (2nd ed.). John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Wiley India Edition 2009.

Teaching Plan (Paper: DSE-1 (i): Statistics):

Week 1: Sample space, Events, Probability Classical, Relative frequency and axiomatic approaches to probability, Theorems of total and compound probability.

[1] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.3)

Week 2: Conditional probability, Independent events, Bayes Theorem.

[1] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.4, and 2.5)

Week 3: Random Variables, Discrete and continuous random variables, Probability Distribution functions discrete random variables, p.m.f, c.d.f, Expectation, Moments, Moment generating functions of discrete random variables.

[1] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1 to 3.4)

Week 4: Probability Distribution functions continuous random variables, p.d.f, c.d.f, Expectation, Moments, Moment generating functions of continuous random variables.

[1] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1, and 4.2)

Week 5: Discrete distribution: Binomial distribution and its m.g.f., Discrete distribution: Poisson and its m.g.f.

[1] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.5, and 3.7)

Week 6: Geometric distribution, Continuous distribution: Normal and its m.g.f.

[1] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.2, and 3.6, excluding negative binomial distribution)

[1] Chapter 4 (Section 6.5)

Weeks 7 and 8: Exponential distribution and its “memoryless” property, Bivariate distribution, conditional distribution and marginal distribution, Covariance, Correlation and regression.

[1] Chapter 4 (Section 4.3 pages 193 to 196), and Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 Exclude more than two variables, 5.2, and 5.3 omit bivariate normal distribution)

Week 9: Weak law of large numbers and central limit theorem for independent and identically distributed random variables.

[1] Chapter 6 (Section 6.2)

Weeks 10 and 11: Definitions of random sample, Parameter and statistic, Sampling distribution of mean, Standard error of sample mean, Mean, variance of random sample from a normal population, Mean, variance of random sample from a finite population.

[2] Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1 to 8.3)

Week 12: Chi-square distribution, t- distribution and F- distribution

[1] Chapter 6 (Section 6.4)

Weeks 13 and 14: Test of Hypotheses based on a single sample

[1] Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.4)

DSE-1 (ii) – Discrete Mathematics

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: Discrete mathematics is the study of mathematical structures that are fundamentally discrete rather than continuous. The mathematics of modern computer science is built almost entirely on discrete math, in particular Boolean algebra and Graph theory.

Course Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to understand:

- i) The relation and partial ordering of sets.
- ii) Various types of lattices, Boolean algebra and switching circuits with Karnaugh maps.
- iii) Fundamentals of Graph theory, Spanning trees and four color map problem.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Partial Ordering

(Lectures: 15)

Definition, Examples and properties of posets, Maps between posets, Algebraic lattice, Lattice as a poset, Duality principle, Sublattice, Hasse diagrams; Products and homomorphisms of lattices, Distributive lattice, Complemented lattice.

Unit 2: Boolean Algebra and Switching Circuits

(Lectures: 15)

Boolean Algebra, Boolean polynomial, CN form, DN form; Simplification of Boolean polynomials, Karnaugh diagram; Switching circuits and its applications, Finding CN form and DN form.

Unit 3: Graph Theory

(Lectures: 40)

Graphs, Subgraph, Complete graph, Bipartite graph, Degree sequence, Euler's theorem for sum of degrees of all vertices, Eulerian circuit, Seven bridge problem, Hamiltonian cycle, Adjacency matrix, Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm (improved version), Digraphs; Definitions and examples of tree and spanning tree, Kruskal's algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree; Planar graphs, Coloring of a graph and chromatic number.

References:

1. Rosen, Kenneth H. (2011). *Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory* (7th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education Private Limited. Special Indian Edition.

Additional Readings:

- i. Goodaire, Edgar G., & Parmenter, Michael M. (2011). *Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory* (3rd ed.). Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd. Indian Reprint.
- ii. Hunter, David J. (2017). *Essentials of Discrete Mathematics* (3rd ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC.
- iii. Lidl, Rudolf, & Pilz, Günter (1998). *Applied Abstract Algebra* (2nd ed.). Springer. Indian Reprint 2014.

Teaching plan (Paper: DSE-1 (ii): Discrete Mathematics):

Week 1: Definition, Examples and properties of posets, Maps between posets.

[1] Chapter 7 (Sections 7.5, and 7.6, pages 493 to 511)

Weeks 2 and 3: Algebraic lattice, Lattice as a poset, Duality principle, Sublattice, Hasse diagrams; Products and homomorphisms of lattices, Distributive lattice, Complemented lattice.

[1] Chapter 7 (Section 7.6, pages 511 to 521)

Week 4: Boolean Algebra, Boolean polynomial, CN form, DN form.

[1] Chapter 10 (Sections 10.1, and 10.2, pages 687 to 698)

Week 5: Simplification of Boolean polynomials, Karnaugh diagram.

[1] Chapter 10 (Section 10.4, pages 704 to 718)

Week 6: Switching Circuits and its applications, Finding CN form and DN form.

[1] Chapter 10 (Section 10.3, pages 698 to 704)

Week 7: Graphs, Subgraph, Complete graph, Bipartite graph,

[1] Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1, and 8.2, pages 527 to 549)

Week 8: Degree sequence, Euler's theorem for sum of degrees of all vertices.

[1] Chapter 8 (Sections 8.3, and 8.4, pages 549 to 571)

Week 9: Eulerian circuit, Seven bridge problem, Hamiltonian cycle.

[1] Chapter 8 (Section 8.5, pages 571 to 584)

Week 10: Adjacency matrix, Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm (improved version), Digraphs.

[1] Chapter 8 (Section 8.6, pages 585 to 595)

Week 11 and 12: Definitions and examples of tree and spanning tree.

[1] Chapter 9 [Sections 9.1 (pages 623 to 634), 9.3, and 9.4 (pages 649 to 673)]

Week 13: Kruskal's algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree.

[1] Chapter 9 (Section 9.5, pages 675 to 680)

Week 14: Planar graphs, coloring of a graph and chromatic number.

[1] Chapter 8 (Section 8.7, and 8.8, pages 595 to 613)

Semester-VI

Skill Enhancement Paper

SEC-4: Statistical Software: R

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 38, Internal Assessment: 12, and Practical: 50)

Workload: 2 Lectures, 4 Practicals (per week) **Credits:** 4 (2+2)

Duration: 14 Weeks (28 Hrs. Theory + 56 Hrs. Practical) **Examination:** 2 Hrs.

Course Objectives: The purpose of this course is to help you begin using **R**, a powerful free software program for doing statistical computing and graphics. It can be used for exploring and plotting data, as well as performing statistical tests.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- i) Use **R** as a calculator;
- ii) Read and import data in **R**.
- iii) Explore and describe data in **R** and plot various graphs in **R**.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Getting Started with R - The Statistical Programming Language (Lectures: 10)

Introducing **R**, using **R** as a calculator; Explore data and relationships in **R**; Reading and getting data into **R**: combine and scan commands, viewing named objects and removing objects from **R**, Types and structures of data items with their properties, Working with history commands, Saving work in **R**; Manipulating vectors, Data frames, Matrices and lists; Viewing objects within objects, Constructing data objects and their conversions.

Unit 2: Descriptive Statistics and Tabulation (Lectures: 6)

Summary commands: Summary statistics for vectors, Data frames, Matrices and lists; Summary tables.

Unit 3: Distribution of Data (Lectures: 6)

Stem and leaf plot, Histograms, Density function and its plotting, The Shapiro-Wilk test for normality, The Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

Unit 4: Graphical Analysis with R (Lectures: 6)

Plotting in **R**: Box-whisker plots, Scatter plots, Pairs plots, Line charts, Pie charts, Cleveland dot charts, Bar charts; Copy and save graphics to other applications.

References:

1. Bindner, Donald & Erickson, Martin. (2011). *A Student's Guide to the Study, Practice, and Tools of Modern Mathematics*. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
2. Gardener, M. (2012). *Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language*, Wiley Publications.

Additional Reading:

- i. Verzani, John (2014). *Using R for Introductory Statistics* (2nd ed.). CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group.

Practicals to be done in the Computer Lab using Statistical Software R:

[1] Chapter 14 (Exercises 1 to 3)

[2] Relevant exercises of Chapters 2 to 5, and 7

Note: The practical may be done on the database to be downloaded from <https://data.gov.in/>

Teaching Plan (Theory of SEC-4: Statistical Software: R):

Weeks 1 to 3: Introducing **R**, using **R** as a calculator; Explore data and relationships in **R**, Reading and getting data into **R**: Combine and scan commands, viewing named objects and removing objects from **R**, Types and structures of data items with their properties, Working with history commands, Saving work in **R**.

[1] Chapter 14 (Sections 14.1 to 14.4)

[2] Chapter 2

Weeks 4 and 5: Manipulating vectors, Data frames, Matrices and lists; Viewing objects within objects, Constructing data objects and their conversions.

[2] Chapter 3

Weeks 6 to 8: Summary commands: Summary statistics for vectors, Data frames, Matrices and lists; Summary tables.

[2] Chapter 4

Weeks 9 to 11: Stem and leaf plot, Histograms, Density function and its plotting, The Shapiro-Wilk test for normality, The Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

[2] Chapter 5

Weeks 12 to 14: Plotting in **R**: Box-whisker plots, Scatter plots, Pairs plots, Line charts, Pie charts, Cleveland dot charts, Bar charts; Copy and save graphics to other applications.

[1] Chapter 14 (Section 14.7)

[2] Chapter 7

Mathematics: DSE –2

DSE-2 (i): Numerical Methods

OR

DSE-2 (ii): Differential Equations

DSE-2 (i): Numerical Methods

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course Objectives: The goal of this paper is to acquaint students for the study of certain algorithms that uses numerical approximation for the problems of solving polynomial equations, transcendental equations, linear system of equations, interpolation, and problems of ordinary differential equations.

Course Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, students will be able to:

- i) Find the consequences of finite precision and the inherent limits of numerical methods.
- ii) Appropriate numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations.
- iii) How to solve first order initial value problems of ordinary differential equations numerically using Euler methods.

Course Contents:

Unit 1: Errors and Roots of Transcendental and Polynomial Equations (Lectures: 20)

Floating point representation and computer arithmetic, Significant digits; Errors: Roundoff error, Local truncation error, Global truncation error; Order of a method, Convergence and terminal conditions; Bisection method, Secant method, Regula-Falsi method, Newton-Raphson method.

Unit 2: Algebraic Linear Systems and Interpolation (Lectures: 25)

Gaussian elimination method (with row pivoting), Gauss-Jordan method; Iterative methods: Jacobi method, Gauss-Seidel method; Interpolation: Lagrange form, Newton form, Finite difference operators, Gregory-Newton forward and backward difference interpolations, Piecewise polynomial interpolation (Linear and Quadratic).

Unit 3: Numerical Differentiation, Integration and ODE (Lectures: 25)

Numerical differentiation: First and second order derivatives; Numerical integration: Trapezoid rule, Simpson's rule; Extrapolation methods: Richardson extrapolation, Romberg integration; Ordinary differential equation: Euler's method, Modified Euler's methods (Heun and Mid-point).

References:

1. Chapra, Steven C. (2018). *Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists* (4th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.

2. Fausett, Laurene V. (2009). *Applied Numerical Analysis Using MATLAB*. Pearson. India.
3. Jain, M. K., Iyengar, S. R. K., & Jain R. K. (2012). *Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation* (6th ed.). New Age International Publishers. Delhi.

Additional Reading:

- i. Bradie, Brian (2006). *A Friendly Introduction to Numerical Analysis*. Pearson Education India. Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. Third Impression, 2011.

Teaching Plan (Theory of GE-4: Numerical Methods):

Weeks 1 and 2: Floating point representation and computer arithmetic, Significant digits; Errors: Roundoff error, Local truncation error, Global truncation error; Order of a method, Convergence and terminal conditions.

[2] Chapter 1 (Sections 1.2.3, 1.3.1, and 1.3.2)

[3] Chapter 1 (Sections 1.2, and 1.3)

Week 3 and 4: Bisection method, Secant method, Regula-Falsi method, Newton-Raphson method.

[2] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.3)

[3] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.2 and 2.3)

Week 5: Gaussian elimination method (with row pivoting), Gauss-Jordan method; Iterative methods: Jacobi method, Gauss-Seidel method.

[2] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1, and 3.2), Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1, and 6.2)

[3] Chapter 3 (Sections 3.2, and 3.4)

Week 6: Interpolation: Lagrange form, and Newton form.

[2] Chapter 8 (Section 8.1)

[3] Chapter 4 (Section 4.2)

Weeks 7 and 8: Finite difference operators, Gregory-Newton forward and backward difference interpolations.

[3] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.3, and 4.4)

Week 9: Piecewise polynomial interpolation: Linear, and Quadratic.

[2] Chapter 8 [Section 8.3 (8.3.1, and 8.3.2)]

[1] Chapter 18 (Sections 18.1 to 18.3)

Weeks 10 and 11: Numerical differentiation: First and second order derivatives; Numerical integration: Trapezoid rule, Simpson's rule.

[2] Chapter 11 [Sections 11.1 (11.1.1, and 11.1.2), and 11.2 (11.2.1, and 11.2.2)]

Weeks 12 and 13: Extrapolation methods: Richardson extrapolation, Romberg integration; Ordinary differential equations: Euler's method.

[2] Chapter 11 [Section 11.1 (11.1.4), and 11.2 (11.2.4)]

[1] Chapter 22 (Sections 22.1, and 22.2)

Weeks 14: Modified Euler's methods: Heun's method, The Midpoint method.

[1] Chapter 22 (Section 22.3)

DSE-2 (ii): Differential Equations

Total Marks: 100 (Theory: 75 and Internal Assessment: 25)

Workload: 5 Lectures, 1 Tutorial (per week) **Credits:** 6 (5+1)

Duration: 14 Weeks (70 Hrs.) **Examination:** 3 Hours.

Course objectives: The course aims at introducing ordinary and partial differential equations to the students and finding their solutions using various techniques with the tools needed to model complex real-world situations.

Course learning outcomes: The course will enable the students to understand:

- i) Wronskian and its properties.
- ii) Method of variation of parameters and total differential equations.
- iii) Lagrange's method, and Charpit's method for solving PDE's of first order.

Course contents:

Unit1: Ordinary Differential Equations

(Lectures: 40)

First order exact differential equations including rules for finding integrating factors, First order higher degree equations solvable for x , y , p and Clairut's equations; Wronskian and its properties, Linear homogeneous equations with constant coefficients; The method of variation of parameters; Euler's equations; Simultaneous differential equations; Total differential equations.

Unit 2: Linear Partial Differential Equations

(Lectures: 15)

Order and degree of partial differential equations, Concept of linear partial differential equations, Formation of first order partial differential equations, Linear partial differential equations of first order and their solutions.

Unit 3: Non-linear Partial Differential Equations

(Lectures: 15)

Concept of non-linear partial differential equations, Lagrange's method, Charpit's method, classification of second order partial differential equations into elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic through illustrations only.

References:

1. Ross, Shepley L. (1984). *Differential Equations* (3rd ed.). John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
2. Sneddon, I. N. (2006). *Elements of Partial Differential Equations*, Dover Publications. Indian Reprint.

Additional Readings:

- i. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). John Wiley & Sons Singapore Pte. Ltd. Reprint (2016) by Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
- ii. Brannan, James R., Boyce, William E., & McKibben, Mark A. (2015). *Differential Equations: An Introduction to Modern Methods and Applications* (3rd ed.). John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Teaching Plan (Paper: DSE-2 (ii): Differential Equations):

Weeks 1 and 2: First order exact differential equations including rules for finding integrating factors.
[1] Chapter 2 (Section 2.1)

Weeks 3 and 4: First order higher degree equations solvable for x , y , p and Clairut's equations.
[1] Chapter 2 (Sections 2.2, and 2.3)

Weeks 5 and 6: Wronskian and its properties, Linear homogeneous equations with constant coefficients.
[1] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1, and 4.2)

Week 7: The method of variation of parameters, Euler's equations.
[1] Chapter 4 (Sections 4.3, and 4.4)

Week 8: Simultaneous differential equations, Total differential equation.
[2] Chapter 1 (Sections 2, 3, 5, and 6)

Week 9: Order and degree of partial differential equations, Concept of linear partial differential equations, Formation of first order partial differential equations.
[2] Chapter 2 (Section 1.2)

Weeks 10 and 11: Statement of Theorem 2 with applications, Linear partial differential equations of first order and their solutions.
[2] Chapter 2 (Sections 3, 4, 5, and 6)

Week 12: Statements of Theorems 4, 5, and 6 with applications, Concept of non-linear partial differential equations, Lagrange's method.
[2] Chapter 2 (Sections 7, 8, and 9)

Weeks 13 and 14: Charpit's method, Classification of second order partial differential equations into elliptic, Parabolic and hyperbolic through illustrations only.
[2] Chapter 2 (Section 10), and Chapter 3 (Sections 1, and 5).