Syllabus for B.Sc (Hons.) Geology

Six Semester Course Under Choice Based Credit System

YEAR	SEMESTER	CORE COURSE (14)	ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE (2)	SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE (3)	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) (4)	GENERIC ELECTIVE (GE) (4)
I st Year	Ι	i) EARTH SYSTEM SCIENCE ii) MINERAL SCIENCE	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH			GE-1
	П	iii) ELEMENTS OF GEOCHEMISTRY iv) STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE	SEC-I (Field Work-I)		GE-2
2 nd Year	ш	v) IGNEOUS PETROLOGY vi) SEDIMENTARY PETROLOGY vii) PALEONTOLOGY				GE-3
	IV	viii) METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY ix) STRATIGRAPHIC PRINCIPLES AND INDIAN STRATIGRAPHY x) HYDROGEOLOGY		SEC-II (Field Work-II)		GE-4
3 rd Year	V	xi) ECONOMIC GEOLOGY xii)GEOMORPHOLOGY			DSE - 1 DSE - 2	
	VI	xiii) ENGINEERING GEOLOGY xiv) REMOTE SENSING AND GIS		SEC-III (Field Work-III)	DSE - 3 DSE - 4	

SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	CREDIT
	Ability Enhancement: compulsory course - I	Communicative English	2
	Core Course - I	Earth System Science	4
Ι	Core Course – I (Practical)		2
1	Core Course - II	Mineral Science	4
	Core Course – II (Practical)		2
	Generic Elective – I	GE - I	4
	Generic Elective - I (Practical)	GE - I	2
		Total Credit	20
SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	CREDIT
	Ability Enhancement: compulsory course - II	Environmental Science	2
	Core Course – III	Elements of Geochemistry	4
	Core Course – III (Practical)		2
	Core Course - IV	Structural Geology	4
II	Core Course – IV (Practical)		2
	Skill enhancement course - I	Field Work - I	2
	Generic Elective - II	GE – II	4
		Total Credit	20

SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	CREDIT
	Core Course – V	Igneous Petrology	4
	Core Course – V (Practical)		2
	Core Course - VI	Sedimentary Petrology	4
	Core Course – VI (Practical)		2
III	Core Course – VII	Paleontology	4
	Core Course – VII (Practical)		2
	Generic Elective - III		4
	Generic Elective - III (Practical)		2
		Total Credit	24
SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	CREDIT
	Core Course – VIII	Metamorphic Petrology	4
	Core Course – VIII (Practical)		2
	Core Course – IX	Core Course – IX Stratigraphic Principles and Indian Stratigraphy	
	Core Course IX Practical		2
IV	Core Course – X	Hydrogeology	4
	Core Course – X (Practical)		2
	Skill Enhancement Course - II	Field Work - II	2
	Generic Elective - IV	GE - 4	4
	Generic Elective - IV (Practical)		2
		Total Credit	26

SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	CREDIT
	Core Course – XI	Economic Geology	4
	Core Course – XI		2
	(Practical) Core Course – XII	Geomorphology	4
	Core Course – An	Ocomorphology	
	Core Course – XII		2
	(Practical)		
	Discipline Specific Elective - I	DCE - I	4
V	Discipline Specific Elective -		2
	(Practical)		
	Discipline Specific Elective -	DCE - II	4
	II		
	Discipline Specific Elective -		2
	(Practical)		
	(Theread)	Total Credit	24
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SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED Core Course – XIII	COURSE NAME Engineering Geology	CREDIT 4
	Core Course – Am	Engineering Geology	4
	Core Course – XIII		2
	(Practical)		
	Core Course – XIV	Remote Sensing & GIS	
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	Core Course – XIV		<u>4</u> 2
	(Practical)		2
	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective -	DSE - III	
VI	(Practical)		2
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III)	DSE - III	2 4
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective -		2 4
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective - IV	DSE - III	2 4 2 4
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective - IV Discipline Specific Elective	DSE - III	2 4 2
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective - IV	DSE - III	2 4 2 4
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective - IV Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - IV)	DSE - III DSE - IV	2 4 2 4 2 2
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective - IV Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - IV) Skill Enhancement Course -	DSE - III DSE - IV SEC – III (Field Work)	2 4 2 4 2 2
VI	(Practical) Discipline Specific Elective - III Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - III) Discipline Specific Elective - IV Discipline Specific Elective (Practical - IV) Skill Enhancement Course -	DSE - III DSE - IV SEC – III	2 4 2 4 2 2 2

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -I EARTH SYSTEM SCIENCE (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Earth as a planet

Holistic understanding of dynamic planet 'Earth' through Astronomy, Geology, Meteorology and Oceanography.

Introduction to various branches of Earth Sciences.

General characteristics and origin of the Universe, Solar System and its planets. The terrestrial and jovian planets.

Meteorites and Asteroids

Earth in the solar system - origin, size, shape, mass, density, rotational and revolution parameters and its age.

Unit 2: Earth's magnetic field Earth's magnetic field Formation of core, mantle, crust, hydrosphere, atmosphere and biosphere Convection in Earth's core and production of its magnetic field Mechanical layering of the Earth.

Unit 3: Plate Tectonics Concept of plate tectonics, sea-floor spreading and continental drift Geodynamic elements of Earth- Mid Oceanic Ridges, trenches, transform faults and island arcs Origin of oceans, continents, mountains and rift valleys Earthquake and earthquake belts Volcanoes- types, products and their distribution.

Unit 4: Hydrosphere and Atmosphere Oceanic current system and effect of Coriolis force Concepts of eustasy Land-air-sea interaction Wave erosion and beach processes Atmospheric circulation Weather and climatic changes Earth's heat budget.

Unit 5: Soil Soils- processes of formation, soil profile and soil types.

Unit 6: Understanding the past from stratigraphic records Nature of stratigraphic records Standard stratigraphic time scale and introduction to the concept of time in geological studies Introduction to geochronological methods and their application in geological studies History of development in concepts of uniformitarianism, catastrophism and neptunism Laws of superposition and faunal succession Introduction to geology and geomorphology of Indian subcontinent. Unit 7: Cosmic abundance of elements Distribution of elements in solar system and in Earth Chemical differentiation and composition of the Earth General concepts about geochemical cycles and mass balance Properties of elements Geochemical behavior of major elements Mass conservation of elements and isotopic fractionation.

PRACTICALS:

Study of major geomorphic features and their relationships with outcrops through physiographic models. Detailed study of topographic sheets and preparation of physiographic description of an area Study of soil profile of any specific area Study of distribution of major lithostratigraphic units on the map of India Study of distribution of major dams on map of India and their impact on river systems Study of major ocean currents of the World Study of seismic profile of a specific area and its interpretation

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Duff, P. M. D., & Duff, D. (Eds.). (1993). *Holmes' principles of physical geology*. Taylor & Francis.
- 2. Emiliani, C. (1992). *Planet earth: cosmology, geology, and the evolution of life and environment*. Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Gross, M. G. (1977). Oceanography: A view of the earth.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -II MINERAL SCIENCE (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Crystallography Elementary ideas about crystal morphology in relation to internal structures Crystal parameters and indices Crystal symmetry and classification of crystals into six systems and 32 point groups

Unit 2: Crystal symmetry and projections Elements of crystal chemistry and aspects of crystal structures Stereographic projections of symmetry elements and forms

Unit 3: Rock forming minerals Minerals - definition and classification, physical and chemical properties Composition of common rock-forming minerals Silicate and non-silicate structures; CCP and HCP structures Unit 4: Properties of light and optical microscopy

Nature of light and principles of optical mineralogy

Introduction to the petrological microscope and identification of common rock-forming minerals

PRACTICALS:

Observation and documentation on symmetry of crystals

Study of physical properties of minerals in hand specimen

Silicates: Olivine, Garnet, Andalusite, Sillimanite, Kyanite, Staurolite, Beryl, Tourmaline, Augite, Actinolite, Tremolite, Hornblende, Serpentine, Talc, Muscovite, Biotite, Phlogopite, Quartz, Orthoclase, Plagioclase, Microcline, Nepheline, Sodalite, Zeolite

Quartz varieties: Chert, Flint, Chalcedony, Agate, Jasper, Amethyst, Rose quartz, Smoky quartz, Rock crystal.

Native Metals/non-metals, Sulfides, Oxides- Copper, Sulfur, Graphite, Pyrite, Corundum, Magnetite

Hydroxides, Halides, Carbonates, Sulfates, Phosphates: Psilomelane, Fluorite, Calcite, Malachite, Gypsum, Apatite.

Study of some key silicate minerals under optical microscope and their characteristic properties

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Klein, C., Dutrow, B., Dwight, J., & Klein, C. (2007). The 23rd Edition of the Manual of Mineral Science (after James D. Dana). J. Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Kerr, P. F. (1959). Optical Mineralogy. McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Verma, P. K. (2010). Optical Mineralogy (Four Colour). Ane Books Pvt Ltd.
- 4. Deer, W. A., Howie, R. A., & Zussman, J. (1992). An introduction to the rock-forming minerals (Vol. 696). London: Longman.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -III ELEMENTS OF GEOCHEMISTRY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Concepts of geochemistry Introduction to properties of elements: The periodic table Chemical bonding, states of matter and atomic environment of elements Geochemical classification of elements

Unit 2: Layered structure of Earth and geochemistry Composition of different Earth reservoirs and the nuclides and radioactivity Conservation of mass, isotopic and elemental fractionation Concept of radiogenic isotopes in geochronology and isotopic tracers Unit 3: Element transport Advection and diffusion Chromatography Aqueous geochemistry- basic concepts and speciation in solutions, Eh, pH relations Elements of marine chemistry Mineral reactions- diagenesis and hydrothermal reactions.

Unit 4: Geochemistry of solid Earth The solid Earth – geochemical variability of magma and its products. The Earth in the solar system, the formation of solar system Composition of the bulk silicate Earth Meteorites

Unit 5: Geochemical behavior of selected elements like Si, Al, K, Na etc.

PRACTICALS:

Types of geochemical data analysis and interpretation; of common geochemical plots. Geochemical analysis of geological materials. Geochemical variation diagrams and its interpretations.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Mason, B. (1986) Principles of Geochemistry. 3rd Edition, Wiley New York.
- 2. Rollinson, H. (2007) Using geochemical data evaluation, presentation and interpretation. 2nd Edition. Publisher Longman Scientific & Technical.
- 3. Walther, J. V. (2009). Essentials of geochemistry. Jones & Bartlett Publishers.
- 4. Albarède, F. (2003). Geochemistry: an introduction. Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Faure, Gunter and Teresa M. Mensing (2004). Isotopes: Principles and Applications, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -IV STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Structure and Topography

Effects of topography on structural features, Topographic and structural maps; Importance representative factors of the map

Unit 2: Stress and strain in rocks

Concept of rock deformation: Stress and Strain in rocks, Strain ellipses of different types and their geological significance.

Planar and linear structures; Concept of dip and strike; Outcrop patterns of different structures.

Unit 3: Folds

Fold morphology; Geometric and genetic classification of folds; Introduction to the mechanics of folding: Buckling, Bending, Flexural slip and flow folding

Unit 4: Foliation and lineation Description and origin of foliations: axial plane cleavage and its tectonic significance Description and origin of lineation and relationship with the major structures

Unit 5: Fractures and faults Geometric and genetic classification of fractures and faults Effects of faulting on the outcrops Geologic/geomorphic criteria for recognition of faults and fault plane solutions

PRACTICALS:

Basic idea of topographic contours, Topographic sheets of various scales. Introduction to Geological maps: Lithological and Structural maps Structural contouring and 3-point problems of dip and strike Drawing profile sections and interpretation of geological maps of different complexities Exercises of stereographic projections of mesoscopic structural data (planar, linear, folded etc.)

- 1. Davis, G. R. (1984) Structural Geology of Rocks and Region. John Wiley
- 2. Billings, M. P. (1987) Structural Geology, 4th edition, Prentice-Hall.
- 3. Park, R. G. (2004) Foundations of Structural Geology. Chapman & Hall.
- 4. Pollard, D. D. (2005) Fundamental of Structural Geology. Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Ragan, D. M. (2009) Structural Geology: an introduction to geometrical techniques (4th Ed). Cambridge University Press (For Practical)
- 6. Lahee F. H. (1962) Field Geology. McGraw Hill

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -V IGNEOUS PETROLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Concepts of Igneous petrology Introduction to petrology: Heat flow, geothermal gradients through time, origin and nature of magma

Unit 2: Forms Classification of igneous rocks Textures and structures of igneous rocks Mode of occurrence of Igneous rocks

Unit 3: Phase diagrams and petrogenesis Binary and Ternary Phase diagrams in understanding crystal-melt equilibrium in basaltic and granitic magmas Magma generation in crust and mantle, their emplacement and evolution

Unit 4: Magmatism in different tectonic settings Magmatism in the oceanic domains (MORB, OIB) Magmatism along the plate margins (Island arcs/continental arcs)

Unit 5: Petrogenesis of Igneous rocks Petrogenesis of Felsic and Mafic igneous rocks Komatiites, Granitoides, Basalt, Gabbros Alkaline rocks, kimberlites and lamproites.

PRACTICALS:

Study of important igneous rocks in hand specimens and thin sections- granite, granodiorite, diorite, gabbro, anorthosites, ultramafic rocks, basalts, andesites, trachyte, rhyolite, dacite,

- 1. Philpotts, A., & Ague, J. (2009). Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Winter, J. D. (2014). Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Pearson.
- 3. Rollinson, H. R. (2014). Using geochemical data: evaluation, presentation, interpretation. Routledge.
- 4. Raymond, L. A. (2002). Petrology: the study of igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks. McGraw-Hill Science Engineering.
- 5. McBirney, A. R. (1984). Igneous Petrology. San Francisco (Freeman, Cooper & Company) and Oxford (Oxford Univ. Press),
- 6. Myron G. Best (2001). Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology,
- 7. K. G. Cox, J. D. Bell. (1979). The Interpretation of Igneous Rocks. Springer/Chapman & Hall.
- 8. Bose M.K. (1997). Igneous Petrology.
- 9. G W Tyrrell. (1926). Principles of Petrology. Springer

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -VI SEDIMENTARY PETROLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Origin of sediments Weathering and sedimentary flux: Physical and chemical weathering, soils and paleosols.

Unit 2: Sediment granulometry Grain size scale, particle size distribution, Environmental connotation; particle shape and fabric

Unit 3: Sedimentary textures, structures and environment Fluid flow, sediment transport and sedimentary structures: Types of fluids, Laminar vs. turbulent flow, Particle entrainment, transport and deposition. Paleocurrent analysis- Paleocurrents for different sedimentary environments Sedimentary structure- Primary and syn-sedimentary structures

Unit 4: Varieties of sedimentary rocks Siliciclastic rocks: Conglomerates, sandstones, mudrocks. Carbonate rocks, controls of carbonate deposition, components and classification of limestone, dolomite and dolomitisation

Unit 5: Diagenesis Concepts of diagenesis Stages of diagenesis Compaction and cementation.

PRACTICALS:

Exercises on sedimentary structures Particle size distribution and statistical treatment Paleocurrent analysis Petrography of clastic and non-clastic rocks through hand specimens and thin sections

- 1. Prothero, D. R., & Schwab, F. (2004). Sedimentary geology. Macmillan.
- 2. Tucker, M. E. (2006) Sedimenary Petrology, Blackwell Publishing.
- 3. Collinson, J. D. & Thompson, D. B. (1988) Sedimentary structures, Unwin-Hyman, London.
- 4. Nichols, G. (2009) Sedimentology and Stratigraphy Second Edition. Wiley Blackwell

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -VII PALEONTOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Fossilization and fossil record Nature and importance of fossil record; Fossilization processes and modes of preservation

Unit 2: Taxonomy and Species concept

Species concept with special reference to paleontology, Taxonomic hierarchy Theory of organic evolution interpreted from fossil record

Unit 3: Invertebrates Brief introduction to important invertebrate groups (Bivalvia, Gastropoda, Brachiopoda) and their biostratigraphic significance Significance of ammonites in Mesozoic biostratigraphy and their paleobiogeographic implications Functional adaptation in trilobites and ammonoids.

Unit 4: Vertebrates Origin of vertebrates and major steps in vertebrate evolution. Mesozoic reptiles with special reference to origin diversity and extinction of dinosaurs Evolution of horse and intercontinental migrations. Human evolution.

Unit 5. Introduction to Paleobotany, Gondwana Flora Introduction to Ichnology.

Unit 6: Application of fossils in Stratigraphy Biozones, index fossils, correlation Role of fossils in sequence stratigraphy Fossils and paleoenvironmental analysis Fossils and paleobiogeography, biogeographic provinces, dispersals and barriers Paleoecology – fossils as a window to the evolution of ecosystems

PRACTICALS:

Study of fossils showing various modes of preservation Study of diagnostic morphological characters, systematic position, stratigraphic position and age of various invertebrate, vertebrate and plant fossils

- 1. Raup, D. M., Stanley, S. M., Freeman, W. H. (1971) Principles of Paleontology
- 2. Clarkson, E. N. K. (2012) Invertebrate paleontology and evolution 4th Edition by Blackwell Publishing.
- 3. Benton, M. (2009). Vertebrate paleontology. John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Shukla, A. C., & Misra, S. P. (1975). Essentials of paleobotany. Vikas Publisher
- 5. Armstrong, H. A., & Brasier, M.D. (2005) Microfossils. Blackwell Publishing.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -VIII METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Metamorphism: controls and types.

Definition of metamorphism. Factors controlling metamorphism Types of metamorphism - contact, regional, fault zone metamorphism, impact metamorphism.

Unit 2: Metamorphic facies and grades Index minerals, Chemographic projections Metamorphic zones and isogrades. Concept of metamorphic facies and grade Mineralogical phase rule of closed and open system Structure and textures of metamorphic rocks

Unit 3: Metamorphism and Tectonism Relationship between metamorphism and deformation Metamorphic mineral reactions (prograde and retrograde)

Unit 4: Migmatites and their origin Metasomatism and role of fluids in metamorphism

Unit 5: Metamorphic rock associations- schists, gneisses, khondalites, charnockites, blue schists and eclogites

PRACTICALS:

Megascopic and microscopic study (textural and mineralogical) of the following metamorphic rocks: Low grade metamorphic rocks: serpentinites, albite-epidote-chloritequartz schist, slate, ta1c-tremoliteca1cite-quartz schist.

Medium to high grade metamorphic rocks: Gneisses, amphibolite, hornfels, garnetiferous schists, sillimanite-kyanite-bearing rocks, Granulites, eclogite, diopside-forsterite marble.

Laboratory exercises in graphic plots for petrochemistry and interpretation of assemblages.

- 1. Philpotts, A., & Ague, J. (2009). *Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology*. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Winter, J. D. (2014). *Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology*. Pearson.
- 3. Rollinson, H. R. (2014). *Using geochemical data: evaluation, presentation, interpretation.* Routledge.
- 4. Raymond, L. A. (2002). *Petrology: the study of igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks*. McGraw-Hill Science Engineering.
- 5. Yardley, B. W., & Yardley, B. W. D. (1989). An introduction to metamorphic petrology. Longman Earth Science Series.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -IX STRATIGRAPHIC PRINCIPLES AND INDIAN STRATIGRAPHY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Principles of stratigraphy

Fundamentals of litho-, bio- and chrono-stratigraphy

Introduction to concepts of dynamic stratigraphy (chemostratigraphy, seismic stratigraphy, sequence stratigraphy)

Unit 2: Code of stratigraphic nomenclature International Stratigraphic Code – development of a standardized stratigraphic nomenclature. Concepts of Stratotypes. Global Stratotype Section and Point (GSSP). Brief introduction to the concepts of lithostratigraphy, biostratigraphy, chronostratigraphy, seismic stratigraphy, chemostratigraphy, Magnetostratigraphy Sequence stratigraphy and their subdivisions with Indian examples.

Unit 3: Principles of stratigraphic analysis Facies concept in stratigraphy Walther's Law of Facies. Concept of paleogeographic reconstruction

Unit 4: Physiographic and tectonic subdivisions of India Brief introduction to the physiographic and tectonic subdivisions of India. Introduction to Indian Shield Introduction to Proterozoic basins of India. Geology of Vindhyan and Cudappah basins of India

Unit 5: Phanerozoic Stratigraphy of India

Paleozoic Succession of Kashmir and its correlatives from Spiti and Zanskar Stratigraphy Structure and hydrocarbon potential of Gondwana basins.

Mesozoic stratigraphy of India:

a. Triassic successions of Spiti,

b. Jurassic of Kutch,

c. Cretaceous, successions of Cauvery basins

Cenozoic stratigraphy of India:

a. Kutch basin,

b. Siwalik successions,

c. Assam, Andaman and Arakan basins.

Stratigraphy and structure of Krishna-Godavari basin, Cauvery basin, Bombay offshore basin, Kutch and Saurashtra basins and their potential for hydrocarbon exploration

Unit 6: Volcanic provinces of India

a. Deccan,

b. Rajmahal,

c. Sylhet Trap

Unit 7: Stratigraphic boundaries

Important Stratigraphic boundaries in India - a. Precambrian-Cambrian boundary, b. Permian-Triassic boundary, and c. Cretaceous-Tertiary boundary

PRACTICALS: -

- 1. Study of geological map of India and identification of major stratigraphic units.
- 2. Study of rocks in hand specimens from known Indian stratigraphic horizons
- 3. Drawing various paleogeographic maps of Precambrian time
- 4. Study of different Proterozoic supercontinent reconstructions.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Krishnan, M. S. (1982) Geology of India and Burma, CBS Publishers, Delhi
- 2. Doyle, P. & Bennett, M. R. (1996) Unlocking the Stratigraphic Record. John Wiley
- 3. Ramakrishnan, M. &Vaidyanadhan, R. (2008) Geology of India Volumes 1 & 2, Geological society of India, Bangalore.
- 4. Valdiya, K. S. (2010) The making of India, Macmillan India Pvt. Ltd.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -X HYDROGEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction and basic concepts

Scope of hydrogeology and its societal relevance

Hydrologic cycle: precipitation, evapo-transpiration, run-off, infiltration and subsurface movement of water.

Rock properties affecting groundwater, Vertical distribution of subsurface water

Types of aquifer, aquifer parameters, anisotropy and heterogeneity of aquifers

Unit 2: Groundwater flow

Darcy's law and its validity

Intrinsic permeability and hydraulic conductivity

Groundwater flow rates and flow direction

Laminar and turbulent groundwater flow

Unit 3: Well hydraulics and Groundwater exploration

Basic Concepts (drawdown; specific capacity etc)

Elementary concepts related to equilibrium and non-equilibrium conditions for water flow to a well in confined and unconfined aquifers.

Surface-based groundwater exploration methods

Introduction to subsurface borehole logging methods

Unit 4: Groundwater chemistry Physical and chemical properties of water and water quality Introduction to methods of interpreting groundwater quality data using standard graphical plots Sea water intrusion in coastal aquifers

Unit 5: Groundwater management Surface and subsurface water interaction Groundwater level fluctuations Basic concepts of water balance studies, issues related to groundwater resources development and management Rainwater harvesting and artificial recharge of groundwater

PRACTICALS:

Preparation and interpretation of water level contour maps and depth to water level maps Study, preparation and analysis of hydrographs for differing groundwater conditions Water potential zones of India (map study).

Graphical representation of chemical quality data and water classification (C-S and Trilinear diagrams) Simple numerical problems related to: determination of permeability in field and laboratory, Groundwater flow, Well hydraulics etc.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Todd, D. K. 2006. Groundwater hydrology, 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, N.Y.
- 2. Davis, S. N. and De Weist, R.J.M. 1966. Hydrogeology, John Wiley & Sons Inc., N.Y.
- 3. Karanth K.R., 1987, Groundwater: Assessment, Development and management, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -XI ECONOMIC GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1 Ores and gangues

Ores, gangue minerals, tenor, grade and lodes Resources and reserves- Economic and Academic definitions

Unit 2: Mineral deposits and Classical concepts of Ore formation Mineral occurrence, Mineral deposit and Ore deposit Historical concepts of ore genesis: Man's earliest vocation- Mining Plutonist and Neptunist concepts of ore genesis Unit 3: Mineral exploration Exploration and exploitation techniques Remote Sensing, Geophysical and Geochemical Explorations Geological mapping at different scales, drilling, borehole logs and transverse sections

Unit 4: Structure and texture of ore deposits

Concordant and discordant ore bodies

Endogenous processes: Magmatic concentration, skarns, greisens, and hydrothermal deposits Exogenous processes: weathering products and residual deposits, oxidation and supergene enrichment, placer deposits,

Unit 5: Ore grade and Reserve, assessment of grade, reserve estimation

Unit 6: Metallic and Nonmetallic ores Metallogenic provinces and epochs Important deposits of India including atomic minerals Non-metallic and industrial rocks and minerals, in India. Introduction to gemstones.

PRACTICALS:

Megascopic identification Study of microscopic properties of ore forming minerals (Oxides and sulphides). **Preparation of maps:** Distribution of important ores and other economic minerals in India.

- 1. Guilbert, J.M. and Park Jr., C.F. (1986) The Geology of Ore deposits. Freeman & Co.
- 2. Bateman, A.M. and Jensen, M.L. (1990) Economic Mineral Deposits. John Wiley.
- 3. Evans, A.M. (1993) Ore Geology and Industrial minerals. Wiley
- 4. Laurence Robb. (2005) Introduction to ore forming processes. Wiley.
- 5. Gokhale, K.V.G.K. and Rao, T.C. (1978) Ore deposits of India their distribution and processing, Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 6. Deb, S. (1980) Industrial minerals and rocks of India. Allied Publishers.
- 7. Sarkar, S.C. and Gupta, A. (2014) Crustal Evolution and Metallogeny in India. Cambridge Publications.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -XII GEOMORPHOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction to Geomorphology, Endogenic and Exogenic processes

Unit 2: Geoid, Topography, Hypsometry, Global Hypsometry, Major Morphological features Large Scale Topography - Ocean basins, Plate tectonics overview, Large scale mountain ranges (with emphasis on Himalaya).

Unit 3: Surficial Processes and geomorphology, Weathering and associated landforms, Hill slopes Glacial, Periglacial processes and landforms, Fluvial processes and landforms, Aeolian Processes and landforms, Coastal Processes and landforms, Landforms associated with igneous activities

Unit 4: Endogenic-Exogenic interactions, Rates of uplift and denudation, Tectonics and drainage development, Sea-level change, Long-term landscape development

Unit 5: Overview of Indian Geomorphology, Extraterrestrial landforms

PRACTICALS:

Reading topographic maps ,Concept of scale Preparation of a topographic profile , Preparation of longitudinal profile of a river; Preparing Hack Profile; Calculating Stream length gradient index, Morphometry of a drainage basin,Calculating different morphometric parameters , Preparation of geomorphic map , Interpretation of geomorphic processes from the geomorphology of the area

- 1. Robert S. Anderson and Suzzane P. Anderson (2010): Geomorphology The Mechanics and Chemistry of Landscapes. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. M.A. Summerfield (1991) Global Geomorphology. Wiley & Sons.

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -XIII ENGINEERING GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Geology vs. Engineering, Role of Engineering geologists in planning, design and construction of major man-made structural features

Unit 2: Site investigation and characterization

Unit 3: Foundation treatment; Grouting, Rock Bolting and other support mechanisms

Unit 4: Intact Rock and Rock Mass properties Rock aggregates; Significance as Construction Material

Unit 5: Concept, Mechanism and Significance of Rock Quality Designation (RQD)
Concept, Mechanism and Significance of:
a. Rock Structure Rating (RSR)
b. Rock Mass Rating (RMR)
c. Tunneling Quality Index (Q)
Geological, Geotechnical and Environmental considerations for Dams and Reservoirs

Unit 6: Tunnels and Tunneling Methods

Unit 7: Landslides; Causes, Factors and corrective/Preventive measures

Unit 8: Earthquakes; Causes, Factors and corrective/Preventive measures

Unit 9: Case histories related to Indian Civil Engineering Projects

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Computation of reservoir area, catchment area, reservoir capacity and reservoir life.
- 2. Merits, demerits & remedial measures based upon geological cross sections of project sites.
- 3. Computation of Index properties of rocks.
- 4. Computation of RQD, RSR, RMR and 'Q'

- 1. Krynin, D.P. and Judd W.R. 1957. Principles of Engineering Geology and Geotechnique, McGraw Hill (CBS Publ).
- 2. Johnson, R.B. and De Graf, J.V. 1988. Principles of Engineering Geology, John Wiley.
- Goodman, R.E., 1993. Engineering Geology: Rock in Engineering constructions. John Wiley & Sons, N.Y.
- 4. Waltham, T., 2009. Foundations of Engineering Geology (3rd Edn.) Taylor & Francis.
- 5. Bell: F.G-, 2006. Basic Environmental and Engineering Geology Whittles Publishing.
- 6. Bell, .F.G, 2007. Engineering Geology, Butterworth-Heineman

CORE COURSE: GEOLOGY Paper -XIV REMOTE SENSING AND GIS (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Photogeology

Types and acquisition of aerial photographs; Scale and resolution; Principles of stereoscopy, relief displacement, vertical exaggeration and distortion Elements of air photo interpretation Identification of sedimentary, igneous and metamorphic rocks and various aeolian, glacial, fluvial and marine landforms

Unit 2: Remote Sensing, Concepts in Remote Sensing Sensors and scanners Satellites and their characteristics Data formats- Raster and Vector

Unit 3: Digital Image Processing, Image Errors, Rectification and Restoration, FCC, Image Enhancement, Filtering, Image Rationing, Image classification and accuracy assessment. GIS integration and Case studies-Indian Examples

Unit 4: GIS, Datum, Coordinate systems and Projection systems Spatial data models and data editing Introduction to DEM analysis

Unit 5: GPS, Concepts of GPS Integrating GPS data with GIS Applications in earth system sciences

PRACTICALS:

Aerial Photo interpretation, identification of sedimentary, igneous and metamorphic rocks and various aeolian, glacial, fluvial and marine landforms

Introduction to DIP and GIS softwares. Digital Image Processing exercises including analysis of satellite data in different bands and interpretation of various objects on the basis of their spectral signaturesCreating a FCC from raw data,Registration of satellite data with a toposheet of the area Enhancing the satellite images; Generating NDVI images and other image ratio and its interpretation Classification of images.DEM analysis: generating slope map, aspect map and drainage network map and its applications

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Demers, M.N., 1997. Fundamentals of Geographic Information System, John Wiley & sons. Inc.
- 2. Hoffmann-Wellenhof, B., Lichtenegger, H. and Collins, J., 2001. *GPS: Theory & Practice*, Springer Wien New York.
- 3. Jensen, J.R., 1996. *Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective*, Springer- Verlag.
- 4. Lillesand, T. M. & Kiefer, R.W., 2007. Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, Wiley.
- 5. Richards, J.A. and Jia, X., 1999. Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis, Springer-Verlag.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper - I

EXPLORATION GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Mineral Resources

Resource reserve definitions, Mineral resources in industries – historical perspective and present, A brief overview of classification of mineral deposits with respect to processes of formation in relation to exploration strategies.

Unit 2: Prospecting and Exploration,

Principles of mineral exploration, Prospecting and exploration- conceptualization, methodology and stages, Sampling, subsurface sampling including pitting, trenching and drilling, Geochemical exploration.

Unit 3: Evaluation of data Evaluation of sampling data Mean, mode, median, standard deviation and variance

Unit 4: Drilling and Logging Core and non-core drilling Planning of bore holes and location of boreholes on ground Core-logging

Unit 5: Reserve estimations and Errors Principles of reserve estimation, density and bulk density Factors affecting reliability of reserve estimation Reserve estimation based on geometrical models (square, rectangular, triangular and polygon blocks) Regular and irregular grid patterns, statistics and error estimation

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Identification of anomaly
- 2. Concept of weighted average in anomaly detection
- 3. Geological cross-section
- 4. Models of reserve estimation

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Clark, G.B. 1967. Elements of Mining. 3rd Ed. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Arogyaswami, R.P.N. 1996 Courses in Mining Geology. 4th Ed. Oxford-IBH.
- 3. Moon, C.J., Whateley, M.K.G., Evans, A.M., 2006, Introduction to Mineral Exploration, Blackwell Publishing.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper -II EARTH AND CLIMATE (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Climate system: Forcing and Responses Components of the climate system Climate forcing, Climate controlling factors Climate system response, response rates and interactions within the climate system Feedbacks in climate system

Unit 2: Heat budget of Earth Incoming solar radiation, receipt and storage of heat Heat transformation Earth's heat budget. Interactions amongst various sources of earth's heat

Unit 3: Atmosphere - Hydrosphere Layering of atmosphere and atmospheric Circulation Atmosphere and ocean interaction and its effect on climate Heat transfer in ocean Global oceanic conveyor belt and its control on earth's climate Surface and deep circulation Sea ice and glacial ice

Unit 4: Response of biosphere to Earth's climate Climate Change: natural vs. anthropogenic effects Humans and climate change Future perspectives Brief introduction to archives of climate change Archive based climate change data from the Indian continent

Unit 5: Orbital cyclicity and climate Milankovitch cycles and variability in the climate Glacial-interglacial stages The Last Glacial maximum (LGM) Pleistocene Glacial-Interglacial cycles Younger Dryas Marine isotope stages

Unit 6: Monsoon Mechanism of monsoon Monsoonal variation through time Factors associated with monsoonal intensity Effects of monsoon

PRACTICALS:

1. Study of distribution of major climatic regimes of India on map

2. Distribution of major wind patterns on World map

3. Preparation of paleogeographic maps (distribution of land and sea) of India during specific geological time intervals

4. Numerical exercises on interpretation of proxy records for paleoclimate

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Rudiman, W.F., 2001. Earth's climate: past and future. Edition 2, Freeman Publisher.
- 2. Rohli, R.V., and Vega, A.J., 2007. Climatology. Jones and Barlatt
- 3. Lutgens, F., Tarbuck, E., and Tasa, D., 2009. The Atmosphere: An Introduction to Meteorology. Pearson Publisher
- 4. Aguado, E., and Burt, J., 2009. Understanding weather

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper -III FUEL GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Coal Definition and origin of Coal Basic classification of coal Fundamentals of Coal Petrology - Introduction to lithotypes, microlithotypes and macerals in coal Proximate and Ultimate analysis

Unit 2: Coal as a fuel Coal Bed Methane (CBM): global and Indian scenario Underground coal gasification Coal liquefaction Unit 3: Petroleum Chemical composition and physical properties of crudes in nature Origin of petroleum Maturation of kerogen; Biogenic and Thermal effect

Unit 4: Petroleum Reservoirs and Traps Reservoir rocks: general attributes and petrophysical properties. Classification of reservoir rocks - clastic and chemical. Hydrocarbon traps: definition, anticlinal theory and trap theory Classification of hydrocarbon traps - structural, stratigraphic and combination Time of trap formation and time of hydrocarbon accumulation. Cap rocks - definition and general properties. Plate tectonics and global distribution of hydrocarbon reserves

Unit 5: Other fuels Gas Hydrate Nuclear Fuel

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Study of hand specimens of coal
- 2. Reserve estimation of coal
- 3. Section correlation and identification of hydrocarbon prospect
- 4. Panel and Fence diagrams

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Chandra D. (2007). Chandra's Textbook on applied coal petrology. Jijnasa Publishing House.
- 2. Shelly R. C. (2014). Elements of Petroleum geology: Third Edition, Academic Press
- 3. Bjorlykke, K. (1989). Sedimentology and petroleum geology. Springer-Verlag.
- 4. Bastia, R., & Radhakrishna, M. (2012). Basin evolution and petroleum prospectivity of the continental margins of India (Vol. 59). Newnes.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper -IV RIVER SCIENCE (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Stream hydrology Basic stream hydrology Physical properties of water, sediment and channel flow River discharge, River hydrographs (UH, IUH, SUH, GIUH) and its application in hydrological analysis Flood frequency analysis Unit 2: River basin Sediment source and catchment erosion processes Sediment load and sediment yield Sediment transport processes in rivers Erosion and sedimentation processes in channel.

Unit 3: Drainage Drainage network Quantitative analysis of network organization - morphometry Random Topology (RT) model and fractal analysis Role of drainage network in flux transfer Evolution of drainage network in geological time scale.

Unit 4: Rivers in time and space River diversity in space, Patterns of alluvial rivers - braided, meandering and anabranching channels, Dynamics of alluvial rivers Channel patterns in stratigraphic sequences Different classification approaches in fluvial geomorphology and its applications.

Unit 5: Channels and Landscapes Bedrock channels, Bedrock incision process River response to climate, tectonics and human disturbance Bedrock channel processes and evolution of fluvial landscapes.

Unit 6: Fluvial hazards Integrated approach to stream management Introduction to river ecology.

PRACTICALS:

Stream power calculation Longitudinal profile analysis Hydrograph analysis and other related problems

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Davies, T. (2008) Fundamentals of hydrology. Routledge Publications.

- 2. Knighton, D. (1998) Fluvial forms and processes: A new perspective. Amold Pubs.
- 3. Richards. K. (2004) Rivers: Forms and processes in alluvial channels. Balckburn Press.
- 4. Bryirely and Fryirs (2005) Geomorphology and river management. Blackwell Pub.,
- 5. Julien, P.Y. (2002) River Mechanics. Cambridge University Press.

6. Robert, A. (2003) River Processes: An introduction to fluvial dynamics. Arnold Publications.

7. Vanoni, V.A. (2006) Sedimentation Engineering. ASCE Manual, Published y American Society of Civil Engineering,

8. Tinkler, K.J., Wohl, E.E. (eds.) 1998. Rivers over rock. American Geophyscial UnionMonogrpah, Washington, DC.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper -V EVOLUTION OF LIFE THROUGH TIME (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Life through ages Fossils and chemical remains of ancient life. Geological Time Scale with emphasis on major bio-events. Fossilization processes and modes of fossil preservation. Exceptional preservation sites- age and fauna

Unit 2: Geobiology Biosphere as a system, processes and products Biogeochemical cycles Abundance and diversity of microbes, extremophiles Microbes-mineral interactions, microbial mats

Unit 3: Origin of life, Possible life sustaining sites in the solar system, life sustaining elements and isotope records Archean life: Earth's oldest life, Transition from Archean to Proterozoic, the oxygen revolution and radiation of life Precambrian macrofossils – The garden of Ediacara The Snow Ball Earth Hypothesis

Unit 4: Paleozoic Life The Cambrian Explosion. Biomineralization and skeletalization Origin of vertebrates and radiation of fishes Origin of tetrapods - Life out of water Early land plants and impact of land vegetation

Unit 5: Mesozoic Life Life after the largest (P/T) mass extinction, life in the Jurassic seas Origin of mammals Rise and fall of dinosaurs Origin of birds; and spread of flowering plants

Unit 6: Cenozoic Life Aftermath of end Cretaceous mass extinction – radiation of placental mammals Evolution of modern grasslands and co-evolution of hoofed grazers Rise of modern plants and vegetation Back to water – Evolution of Whales

Unit 7: The age of humans Hominid dispersals and climate setting Climate Change during the Phanerozoic - continental break-ups and collisions Plate tectonics and its effects on climate and life Effects of life on climate and geology

PRACTICALS:

1. Study of modes of fossil preservation

2. Study of fossils from different stratigraphic levels

3.Exercises related to major evolutionary trends in important groups of animals and plants

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Stanley, S.M., 2008 Earth System History

- 2. Jonathan I. Lumine W.H.Freeman Earth-Evolution of a Habitable World, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Canfield, D.E. & Konhauser, K.O., 2012 Fundamentals of Geobiology Blackwell

4. Cowen, R., 2000 History of Life, Blackwell

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper -VI URBAN GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY

LECTURES:

Unit 1: Geology and Society Necessity of Geology in Urban life. Geology in Urban Constructions Geotechnical feature and mapping for subsurface in Metropolitan areas Building materials, Excavation and cutting in urban areas.

Unit 2: Geology and Urban Agriculture

Soil studies, Chemistry and geochemistry of soil in relation to ground water and fertilizer Effect of pollutants on vegetable contamination

Unit 3: Urban land use

Geotechnical site characterization, Geotechnical and land use mapping, Decision making in urban landuse, Geological problems in construction of underground structures in urban areas Urban Tunneling: Tunneling for road and rail in urban areas, Method, Equipments, Importance of Geology

Unit 4: Urban water Water lagging in built-up areas, Source of water, Standards for various uses of water Sources of contamination Waste waters: Sources and its disinfection and treatment, Ground water surveys and resource development.

Unit 5: Urban wastes and Treatment, Geotechnical characterization for waste sites, Domestic waste, Industrial waste, Mine drainage, Power production waste, Radioactive waste, Need for special purpose mapping for selection of waste disposal sites.

Unit 6: GIS in Urban Geology

GIS-An introduction, Application in Urban development, Application in landuse, Application in GW Exploration.

Unit 7: Precaution from seismic hazard in Urban planning Seismic Hazards: Micro-zonations of hazard based on engineering geological features, Urbansubservice network.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Map Reading
- 2. Ground water flow direction estimation
- 3. Case studies of Urban flood; Flood hydrographs
- 4. Case studies of urban planning

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Huggenberger, P. and Eptin, J. 2011 Urban Geology: Process-Oriented Concepts for Adaptive and Integrated Resource Management. Springer

2. Lollino, G. et al. (Ed.), Engineering Geology for Society and Territory. Springer

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE Paper -VII INTRODUCTION TO GEOPHYSICS (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Geology and Geophysics

Interrelationship between geology and geophysics, Role of geological and geophysical data in explaining geodynamical features of the earth.

Unit 2: General and Exploration geophysics

Different types of geophysical methods - gravity, magnetic, electrical and seismic; their principles and applications

Concepts and Usage of corrections in geophysical data

Unit 3: Geophysical field operations Different types of surveys, grid and route surveys, profiling and sounding techniques Scales of survey, Presentation of geophysical data

Unit 4: Application of Geophysical methods

Regional geophysics, oil and gas geophysics, ore geophysics, groundwater geophysics, engineering geophysics

Unit 5: Geophysical anomalies

Correction to measured quantities, geophysical, anomaly, regional and residual (local) anomalies, factors controlling anomaly, and depth of exploration

Unit 6: Integrated geophysical methods

Ambiguities in geophysical interpretation, planning and execution of geophysical surveys

PRACTICALS:

Anomaly and background- Graphical method Study and interpretation of seismic reflector geometry Problems on gravity anomaly

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Outlines of Geophysical Prospecting A manual for geologists by Ramachandra Rao, M.B., Prasaranga, University of Mysore, Mysore, 1975.
- 2. Exploration Geophysics An Outline by Bhimasarikaram V.L.S., Association of Exploration Geophysicists, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 1990.
- 3. Dobrin, M.B. (1984) An introduction to Geophysical Prospecting. McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Telford, W. M., Geldart, L. P., & Sheriff, R. E. (1990). *Applied geophysics* (Vol. 1). Cambridge university press.
- 5. Lowrie, W. (2007). Fundamentals of geophysics. Cambridge University Press.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE FIELD GEOLOGY -I

(Basic field training) (CREDITS: 2)

Unit 1: Orientation of Topographic sheet in field, marking location in toposheet, Bearing (Front and

back). Concepts of map reading, Distance, height and pace approximation

Unit 2: Identification of rock types in field; structures and texture of rocks, Use of hand lense

Unit 3: Basic field measurement techniques: Bedding dip and strike, Litholog measurement

Unit 4: Reading contours and topography

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE FIELD GEOLOGY -II

(Geological Mapping) (CREDITS: 2)

Unit 1: Geological mapping, stratigraphic correlation

Unit 2: Primary (scalars and vectors) and secondary structures (linear and planar)

Unit 3: Trend, plunge, Rake/Pitch

Unit 4: Stereoplots of linear and planar structures, Orientation analyses SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE

FIELD GEOLOGY -III

(Economic Geology field) (CREDITS: 2)

Module I

Unit 1: Visit to any mineral deposit

Unit 2: Mode occurrence of ore, Ore mineralogy

Unit 3: Ore-Host rock interrelation

Unit 4: Ore formation process

Unit 5: Basic techniques of surveying, concept of outcrop mapping

Module 2

Unit 1: Visit to underground or open cast mine

Unit 2: Practical experience of mining methods

Unit 3: Underground mapping/ Bench mapping

Unit 4: Isopach and Isochore maps

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE FIELD GEOLOGY -IV

(Himalayan Geology field) (CREDITS: 2)

Identification and characterization of major structural boundaries in Himalaya viz. MBT, MFT etc. or Field along any suitable transect of Himalayan foreland or Field transect in Siwalik or Identification of Himalayan and pre-Himalayan elements

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE FIELD GEOLOGY -V

(Precambrian Geology field) (CREDITS: 2)

Field transect in any Precambrian terrain

Study of craton ensemble including basic intrusive suites

Precambrian sedimentary basin

Basement-Cover relation in: a. fold belts, b. sedimentary successions

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE FIELD GEOLOGY - VI

(Visit to Engineering Project sites) (CREDITS: 2)

Unit 1: Geological mapping of a project site (Dam sites, Tunnel alignments etc)

Unit 2: On site visit & to study various geotechnical aspects related to the project site.

Unit 3: Identification of geotechnical problems of a project site and remedial measures to be taken.

Unit 4: Identification of environmental problems of a project site and remedial measures to be taken.

Unit 5: Computation of rock mass Properties (RQD, RSR, RMR & Q) in the field.

Unit 6: Identification of potential suspected/probable sites of Natural Disaster and suggestions about corrective/preventive measures.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE FIELD GEOLOGY -VII

(Stratigraphy and paleontology-related field) (CREDITS: 2)

Field training along Phanerozoic basin of India

Documentation of stratigraphic details in the field

Collection of sedimentological, stratigraphic and paleontological details and their representation

Facies concept and its spatio-temporal relation (Walther's Law) and concept of facies distribution at basinal-scale

Fossils sampling techniques and their descriptions

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE PROJECT WORK -VIII (CREDITS: 2)

GENERIC ELECTIVE -I ESSENTIALS OF GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICAL-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction to geology, scope, sub-disciplines and relationship with other branches of sciences

Unit 2: Earth in the solar system, origin Earth's size, shape, mass, density, rotational and evolutional parameters

Solar System- Introduction to Various planets - Terrestrial Planets Solar System- Introduction to Various planets - Jovian Planets Internal constitution of the earth - core, mantle and crust

Unit 3: Convections in the earth's core and production of magnetic field Composition of earth in comparison to other bodies in the solar system

Unit 4: Origin and composition of hydrosphere and atmosphere Origin of biosphere Origin of oceans, continents and mountains

Unit 5: Age of the earth; Radioactivity and its application in determining the age of the Earth, rocks, minerals and fossils

PRACTICALS:

1. Study of major geomorphic features and their relationships with outcrops through physiographic models.

- 2. Detailed study of topographic sheets and preparation of physiographic description of an area
- 3. Study of soil profile of any specific area
- 4. Study of distribution of major lithostratigraphic units on the map of India
- 5. Study of distribution of major dams on map of India and their impact on river systems
- 6. Study of major ocean currents of the World
- 7. Study of seismic profile of a specific area and its interpretation

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Holmes' Principles of Physical Geology. 1992. Chapman & Hall.

2. Emiliani, C, 1992. Planet Earth, Cosmology, Geology and the Evolution of Life and Environment. Cambridge University Press.

3. Gross, M.G., 1977. Oceanography: A view of the Earth, Prentice Hall.

GENERIC ELECTIVE -II ROCKS AND MINERALS (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICAL-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Minerals-Definitions, Physical properties of minerals Mineralogical structure of earth, planetary minerals and native elements

Unit 2: Mineral structures Mineralogy of the Earth's crust, mantle and core

Unit 3: Nature of light and principles of optical mineralogy Optical classification of minerals. An overview of environmental and radiation mineralogy, biomineralisation and gemology.

Unit 4: Rocks- Definitions and types, Basics of rock formation. Igneous rock- magma generation and differentiation Sedimentary rocks- surface processes and sedimentary environments Metamorphic rocks- chemical system and types of metamorphism Rock cycle-interactions between plate tectonics and climate systems

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Study of physical properties of minerals
- **2.** Introduction to optical microscopy
- 3. Study of optical properties of minerals
- 4. Study of physical properties of rocks
- 5. Study of optical properties of rock under thin sections
- 6. Understanding crystal symmetry via wodden models
- **7.** Stereographic projection of mineral faces
- 8. Mineral formula calculation
- **9.** Crystal chemical calculation
- **10.** Introduction to analytical techniques for rock and mineral study.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

I. Earth Materials- Introduction to Mineralogy and Petrology, Cornelis Klein and Anthony Philpotts, Cambridge University Press, 2013.

2. Understanding Earth (Sixth Edition), John Grotzinger and Thomas H. Jordan, 2010, W.H. Freeman and company, New York.

GENERIC ELECTIVE -III PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY OF EARTH (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Earth: surface features Continents, continental margins, oceans

Unit 2: Earth's interior - variation of physical quantities and seismic wave velocity inside the earth, major sub divisions and discontinuities. Concepts of Isostasy; Airy and Pratt Model Core: Seismological and other geophysical constraints The geodynamo - Convection in the mantle

Unit 3: Elements of earth's magnetism. Secular variation and westward drift Solar activity and magnetic disturbance

Unit 4: Elements: Origin of elements/nucleosynthesis. Abundance of the elements in the solar system / planet earth Geochemical classification of elements. Earth accretion and early differentiation Isotopes and their applications in understanding Earth processes. Stable isotopes: Stable isotope fractionation. Oxygen isotopes Sublithospheric Mantle (Mineralogy/phase transitions)

Unit 5: Environmental geochemistry Geological disposal of nuclear waste Lead in environment and effect of lead on human health

PRACTICALS:

1. Projection of major elements on binary and triangular diagrams for rock classification

2. Projection of major element data on Harker's diagram to characterize magmatic differentiation

3. Study of trace elements through a) Projection of chondrite/primitive normalized trace elements to

characterize sources b) Projection of trace elements on tectonic discrimination diagrams

- 4. Understanding Earth structure through behavior of seismic wave propagation
- 5. Problems on isostasy

- 1. Holmes, A., Principles of Physical Geology, 1992, Chapman and Hall
- 2. Condie, K.C. Plate Tectonics and Crustal Evolution, Pargamon Press, 1989.
- 3. Krauskopf, K. B., & Dennis, K. Bird, 1995, Introduction to Geochemistry. McGraw-Hill
- 4. Faure, G. Principles and Applications of Geochemistry, 2/e (1998), Prentice Hall, 600 pp.
- 5. Anderson, G. M. (1996). Thermodynamics of natural systems. John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 6. Steiner, E. (2008). The chemistry maths book. Oxford University Press.
- 7. Yates, P. (2007) Chemical calculations. 2nd Ed. CRC Press.

GENERIC ELECTIVE -IV EARTH RESOURCES (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICAL-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Earth Resources Resource reserve definitions; mineral, energy and water resources in industries Historical perspective and present A brief overview of classification of mineral deposits with respect to processes of formation in relation to exploration strategies

Unit 2: Definition of Energy: Primary and Secondary Energy Difference between Energy, Power and Electricity Renewable and Non-Renewable Sources of Energy The concept and significance of Renewability: Social, Economic, Political and Environmental Dimension of Energy

Unit 3: Major Types and Sources of Energy Resources of Natural Oil and Gas Coal and Nuclear Minerals Potential of Hydroelectric Power, Solar Energy, Wind, Wave and Biomass Based power and Energy

Unit 4: Energy Sources and Power Generation: Nuclear, Hydroelectric, Solar, Wind and Wave- General Principles.

Ground water resources and its role in economic development of a country Current Scenario and Future Prospects of Solar Power, Hydrogen Power and Fuel Cells.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Plotting of major Indian oil fields on map of India
- 2. Problems related to hydroelectric power generation
- 3. Problems related to assessment of possible oil exploration site from geological maps
- 4. Problems related to energy demand projection of India and possible mitigation pathways
- 5. Problems related to biofuel

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Energy and the Environment by Fowler, J.M 1984. McGraw-Hill

2. Global Energy Perspectives by Nebojsa Nakicenovic 1998, Cambridge University Press.

3. Energy Resources and Systems: Fundamentals and Non-Renewable Resources by Tushar K. Ghosh and M. A. Prelas. 2009, Springer

4. Introduction to Wind Energy Systems: Hermann-Josef Wagner and Jyotirmay Mathur. 2009, Springer.

5. Renewable Energy Conversion, Transmission and Storage. Bent Sorensen, 2007, Springer.

GENERIC ELECTIVE -V NATURAL HAZARDS AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT (CREDITS: THEORY-4, TUTORIAL-1) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: The Lithosphere and Related Hazards Atmospheric Hazards, Hydrosphere and Related Hazards

Unit 2: Concepts of disaster Types of disaster: natural and manmade - cyclone, flood, land slide, land subsidence, fire and earthquake, tsunami and volcanic eruption

Unit 3: Tectonics and Climate, Meteorite Impacts Issues and concern for various causes of disasters Disaster management, mitigation, and preparedness Techniques of monitoring and design against the disasters Management issues related to disaster

Unit 4: Disaster Management in India Risk, Vulnerability and Hazard Mitigation through capacity building Legislative responsibilities of disaster management; disaster mapping, assessment Pre-disaster risk & vulnerability reduction Post disaster recovery & rehabilitation Disaster related infrastructure development

Unit 4: Hazard Zonation Mapping Remote-sensing and GIS applications in real time disaster monitoring Prevention and rehabilitation

The course will also include discussions on topics determined by students in Tutorial. There would be 12 student presentations apart from the lectures. The topics would be assigned to students based on their interest.

- 1. Bell, F.G., 1999. Geological Hazards, Routledge, London.
- 2. Bryant, E., 1985. Natural Hazards, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Smith, K., 1992. Environmental Hazards. Routledge, London.
- 4. Subramaniam, V., 2001. Textbook in Environmental Science, Narosa International

GENERIC ELECTIVE -VI EARTH SURFACE PROCESSES (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICAL-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction to earth surface processes Historical development in concepts, terrestrial relief, scales in geomorphology,

Unit 2: Energy flow and relative energy of surface processes.

Weathering and formation of soils, karst and speleology, slope and catchment erosion processes, fluvial, aeolian, glacial, peri-glacial and coastal processes and resultant landforms, , Water and sediment flux in river systems, Morphometric analysis of drainage basin and geomorphology-hydrology relationship.

Unit 3: Rates and changes in surface processes

Techniques for measuring rates of processes: sediment budgeting, rock magnetism, isotope geochemical tracers, cosmogenic nuclides, OSL & C-14 dating

Unit 4: Controlling factors (tectonics, climate, sea level changes and anthropogenic) and surface processes

Climate change and geomorphic response of fluvial systems of arid and humid regions Geomorphic response to tectonics, sea level/base level change, anthropogenic affects Introduction to Anthropocene

Unit 5: Geomorphic concepts in cause-effect relationship

Spatial & temporal scales, geomorphic system, connectivity, buffering, magnitude-frequency concept, time lag, sensitivity, equilibrium, threshold, non-linearity & complexities Mega geomorphology and process interrelationship

Surface processes and natural hazards; Applied aspects of geomorphology; Introduction to planetary geomorphology.

PRACTICALS:

Mapping of different landforms and interpretation of surface processes Exercises on hill slope development, fluvial channel, sediment erosion and transport, sediment budgeting, aggradation and degradation events, drainage basin, drainage morphometry Basic exercises on computation of rate for different surface processes

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Alien, P.A., 1997. Earth Surface Processes, Blackwell publishing.

2. Bloom, A.L., 1998. Geomorphology: A Systematic Analysis of Late Cenozoic Landforms, Pearson Education.

3. Bridge, J.S. and Demicco, R.V., 2008. *Earth Surface Processes, Landforms and Sediment Deposits,* Cambridge University Press.

4. Esterbrook, D.J., 1992. Surface Processes and Landforms, MacMillan Publ.

5. Kale, V.S. and Gupta A 2001 Intoduction to Geomorphology, Orient Longman Ltd.

6. Leeder, M. and Perez-Arlucea M 2005 Physical processes in earth and environmental sciences, Blackwell' publishing.

7. Summerfield M A 1991Globle Geomorphology Prentice Hall.

8. Wllcock, P.R., Iverson R M (2003) Prediction in geomorphology 'AGU Publication.

GENERIC ELECTIVE -VII INTRODUCTION TO SUSTAINABILITY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, TUTORIAL - 1) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction to Sustainability; basic concepts Human Population – Past and Future trends

Unit 2: Ecosystems Extinctions and Tragedy of Commons Climate and Energy Water Resources and Agriculture

Unit 3: National Resources Accounting Environmental Economics and Policy Measuring Sustainability Systems interconnectivity among Primary Sustainability challenges Sustainability Solutions: Some examples

The course will also include discussions on topics determined by students in Tutorial. There would be 12 student presentations apart from the lectures. The topics would be assigned to students based on their interest.

- **1.** Rogers, P.P., K. F. Jalal, and J.A. Boyd. 2007. An Introduction to Sustainable Development. Earthscan Publishers, 416 pp.
- **2.** Brown, L. 2009. Plan B 4.0. Norton Publishers, New York. (The entire book is available in pdf format: <u>http://www.earthpolicy.org/images/uploads/book_files/pb4book.pdf</u>)

GENERIC ELECTIVE- VIII FOSSILS AND THEIR APPLICATIONS (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS-2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction to fossils

Definition of fossil, fossilization processes (taphonomy), taphonomic attributes and its implications, modes of fossil preservation, role of fossils in development of geological time scale and fossils sampling techniques.

Unit 2: Species concept

Definition of species, species problem in paleontology, speciation, methods of description and naming of fossils, code of systematic nomenclature

Unit 3: Introduction to various fossils groups

Brief introduction of important fossils groups: invertebrate, vertebrate, microfossils, spore, pollens and plant fossils. Important age-diagnostic fossiliferous horizons of India

Unit 4: Application of fossils

Principles and methods of paleoecology, application of fossils in the study of paleoecology, paleobiogeography and paleoclimate

Unit 5: Societal importance of fossils

Implication of larger benthic and micropaleontology in hydrocarbon exploration: identification of reservoirs and their correlation. Application of spore and pollens in correlation of coal seams, spore and pollens as indicator of thermal maturity of hydrocarbons reservoirs, fossils associated with mineral deposits, fossils as an indicator of pollution.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Study of fossils showing various modes of fossilization
- 2. Distribution of age diagnostic fossils in India
- 3. Biostratigraphic correlation

- 1. Schoch, R.M. 1989. Stratigraphy, Principles and Methods.VanNostrand Reinhold.
- 2. Clarkson, E.N.K.1998. Invertebrate Paleontology and Evolution George Allen&Unwin
- 3. Prothero, D.R. 1998. Bringing fossils to life An introduction to Paleobiology, McGraw Hill.
- 4. Benton, M.J. 2005. Vertebrate paleontology (3rd edition). Blackwell Scientific, Oxford.
- 5. Colbert's Evolution of the Vertebrates: A History of the Backboned Animals Through Time, EdwinH. Colbert, Michael Morales, Eli C. Minkoff, John Wiley & Sons, 1991.

GENERIC ELECTIVE- IX MARTIAN GEOLOGY (CREDITS: THEORY-4, TUTORIAL - 1) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: MARS - OUR POTENTIAL HOME?

History of the exploration of Mars; The Journey of Mangalyaan

Evolution of Mars

Unit 2: The characteristics of Mars and its interior

The Martian atmosphere and hydrosphere.

Unit 3: Surface provinces of Mars

Surface processes on Mars and its evidences from Earth-based analogs – Impact structures, Volcanic features on Mars, Layered deposits, Eolian dunes, Debris flow, Martian outflow channels, Glacial Origin of Fretted Terrains on Mars, Mountain building

Unit 4: Geochemical analogs and Martian meteorites

Martian History Epochs of change: what went "wrong" and why?

Unit 5: Life in Mars

Is there evidence for life on Mars?

Physical and chemical conditions supportive of permanent Mars occupation; Terraforming of Mars and its challenges

New Trends for Human Missions to Mars and Human colonization of Mars

The course will also include discussions on topics determined by students in Tutorial. There would be 12 student presentations apart from the lectures. The topics would be assigned to students based on their interest.

- 1. Sagan, C. (1973). Planetary Engineering on Mars, Icarus, 20, 513.
- Fairen, A.G., Mars: Evolution, Geology and Exploration. Nova Publishers, ISBN: 978-1-62618-102-1
- 3. Chapman, M. (Ed.). (2007). *The geology of Mars: evidence from earth-based analogs* (Vol. 5). Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Ahrens, P. (2007). The Terraformation of Worlds.Nexial Quest, 22 p.
- Gerstell, M. F.; Francisco, J. S.; Yung, Y. L.; Boxe, C.; Aaltonee, E. T. (2001). Keeping Mars warm with new super greenhouse gases. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 98 (5): 2154-2157. doi:10.1073/pnas.05151159.
- 6. Beech, M. (2009). The Terraforming of Mars. Terraforming, 125-173.

GENERIC ELECTIVE- X SOILS: PRESENT AND PAST (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS: 2) THEORY LECTURES:

Unit 1: Soil forming processes: Chemical weathering, major buffer maintaining ocean/atm/biosphere O_2 and CO_2 , new compounds/minerals of greater volume and lower density; Oxidation; Carbonation; Hydrolysis; Hydration; Base Exchange; Chelation; Microbial weathering

Unit 2: General soil forming regimes: Gleization; podzolization; lessivage; ferrallitizatin; calcification; salinization

Unit 3: Soil forming processes: Physical weathering, loosening and particle size reduction; pressure release; thermal expansion; growth of foreign crystal.

Unit 4: Modern soils and key pedofeatures: Soil structures; horizons; roots; Fe-Mn mottles and concretions; pedogenic carbonate

Unit 5: Introduction to paleopedology and paleosols; role of factors controlling paleosol formation- parent material, climate, vegetation, topography, time.

Units 6: Introduction to soil taxonomy and paleosol taxonomy

Unit 7: Micromorphology: Thin section analysis of paleosols

Unit 8: Geochemistry: molecular rations; chemical weathering indices

Units 9: Stable isotope geochemistry: carbon¹³ and oxygen¹⁸ system for vegetation, temperature, pCO₂

Unit 10: Diagenetic overprinting in fossil soils: compaction; oxidation of organic matter; cementation; illitization

Unit 11: Geological record of fossil soils- Precambrian paleosols- evolution of paleoatmospheric conditions

Unit 12: Geological record of fossil soils- Paleozoic paleosols- evolution of land animals and plants, coal, Permian-Triassic transition paleosols and extinction events

Unit 13: Geological record of fossil soils- Mesozoic-Cenozoic paleosols- fossil soils at K-T extinction event, Paleogene fossil soils at green house to ice house transition, evolution of Asian monsoon system.

Unit 14: Pleistocene-Holocene paleosols- human impact on landscape and soils, climate change, neotectonics.

Unit 15: paleosols and non-marine sequence stratigraphy based on paleopedology and sedimentology of fluvial successions.

PRACTICALS:

- 1- Micromorphic detailing of the paleosols- structure, horizonation, color, rhizocretions, pedogenic carbonate etc.
- 2- Particle size analysis and clay mineral analysis of the paleosols
- 3- Micromorphological analysis- thin section preparation, description, and interpretation
- 4- Geochemical analysis- bulk geochemistry, molecular rations and weathering indices
- 5- Field trip to examine modern and fossil soils- field characterization and sampling procedures

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Retallack, G.J. (2001) *Soils of the Past: An Introduction to Paleopedology* (2nd edition): Oxford, Blackwell Science, Ltd., 416 p.
- 2. Birkeland, P.W. (1999) Soil and Geomorphology. Oxford University Press (430 pp.).
- 3. Bullock, P., Fedoroff, N., Jongeroius, A., Stoops, G., Tursina, T. (1985) Handbook of Soil Thin Section Description. Waine Research Publication, Wolverhampton (152 pp.).
- 4. Sheldon, N.D., Tabor, N.J. (2009) Quantitative paleoenvironmental and paleoclimatic reconstruction using paleosols. Earth-Science Reviews 95, 1–52.
- 5. Stoops, G. (2003) Guidelines for analysis and distribution of soil and regolith thin sections. Soil Sci. Soc. Am., Madison, Wisconsin, 184 pp.
- 6. Soil Survey Staff, (2006) Key to Soil Taxonomy, 10th ed. USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, Washington D.C.(341 pp.)
- 7. Bhattacharyya T., Sarkar, D., Pal, D. K. (Eds.) Soil Survey Manual. NBSSLUP Publication No 146.

GENERIC ELECTIVE- XI STUDIES ON CRYOSPHERE

(CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS: 2)

THEORY

LECTURES:

Unit 1: Introduction to Cryosphere

Cryosphere, Distribution and its components, Terrestrial and Marine cryosphere, Role of cryosphere in the climate system, Remote sensing of cryosphere and its applications.

Unit 2: Terrestrial Cryosphere

Snow formation, Snowfall and Snow cover, Metamorphism of snow, Snow and Remote sensing, Snowmelt modeling, Glacier Characteristics, Types of Glaciers, Erosional and Depositional features of Glaciers, Glacier mass balance, Surging Glaciers, Glacier hydrology, Glacier and remote sensing, Avalanches and its Characteristics, Ice caps and Ice sheets, Greenland or Antarctic Ice sheets, Sea level changes and Ice sheet, Permafrost and its features, Lake and River ice. Terrestrial Cryosphere in the present, past and future.

Unit 3: Marine Cryosphere

Ice shelves, Ice bergs, Sea ice characteristics, Ice islands, Ice streams, Mass balance of Sea ice, Ice drift and ocean circulation. Marine Cryosphere in the present, past and future

PRACTICALS:

Remote sensing

- 1. Linear and non-linear regression algorithms to estimate SWE (snow water equivalent) from remote sensed data (mainly microwave data)
- 2. Estimation of precipitation from remote sensed data

Snowmelt run-off modeling

- 1. Empirical (Snow cover to spring snowmelt relation)
- 2. One of the non-empirical model (Degree-day, modified degree-day or energy balance methods)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. The Global Cryosphere by Roger Berry and Thian Yew Gan Cambridge University Press
- 2. Web inputs from sites sources such as TRMM and SMMR (Scanning Multichannel Microwave Radiometer) sites

GENERIC ELECTIVE- XII NUCLEAR WASTE MANAGEMENT (CREDITS: THEORY-4, PRACTICALS: 2) THEORY LECTURES:

Nuclear Waste Management

Nuclear reactors and generation of nuclear waste, nuclear fuel cycle, basic concepts about nuclear waste management. Classification, composition and types of nuclear waste, their sources and characteristics. Introduction to immobilization and vitrification processes. Nuclear waste forms and containments. Immobilization of nuclear waste in synthetic (AVS,BBS,SON 68 and R7T7) glasses and natural glass/rocks (acidic:obsidian, rhyolite and basic: nephiliniite and basaltic). Glass/rock characterization and its long-term performance assessment. Geochemistry of glass/rock-water interaction-solution and neoformed mineral chemistry.

Glass/rock alteration studies by mathematical modeling using EQ3/6 and GWB. Nuclear waste confinement and safe disposal in deep geological repository. Application of clays as natural barrier.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Determination of physical properties such as hardness, durability, melting and pouring temperatures.
- 2. Chemical characterization of synthetic and natural glass.
- 3. Mathematical modeling and extrapolation of synthetic glass alterations.

- 4. Mathematical modelling and extrapolation of natural acidic (obsidian, rhyolite) and basic (nephilinite and basaltic) glasses.
- 5. Determination of rate of alteration and recognition of neo-formed minerals.
- 6. Calculation of retention coefficient for glass residue.

- 1. Saling, J. (2001). Radioactive waste management. CRC Press.
- 2. Ojovan, M. I., & Lee, W. E. (2013). An introduction to nuclear waste immobilisation. Newnes.
- 3. T.G. Wolery: reaction path modeling of aqueous geochemical systems.
- 4. Bethke, C. M. (2007). Geochemical and biogeochemical reaction modeling. Cambridge University Press.